GENERAL INFORMATION

PURE110+[™]

Epoxy Injection Adhesive Anchoring System

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Pure110+ is a two-component, high strength adhesive anchoring system. The system includes injection adhesive in plastic cartridges, mixing nozzles, dispensing tools and hole cleaning equipment. The Pure110+ is designed for bonding threaded rod and reinforcing bar hardware into drilled holes in concrete and masonry base materials.

Pure110+ has the same bond strength at room temperature and at 110°F.

GENERAL APPLICATIONS AND USES

- Bonding threaded rod and reinforcing bar into hardened concrete
- Evaluated for installation and use in dry and wet holes, including water filled and underwater
- Can be installed in a wide range of base material temperatures

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- + Designed for use with threaded rod and reinforcing bar hardware elements
- + Evaluated and recognized for freeze/thaw performance
- + Cartridge design allows for multiple uses using extra mixing nozzles
- + Mixing nozzles proportion adhesive and provide simple delivery method into drilled holes
- + Evaluated and recognized for long term and short term loading (see performance tables)
- + Same bond strength at room temperature and at 110°F.

APPROVALS AND LISTINGS

- International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES) ESR-3298 for cracked and uncracked concrete
- Code Compliant with 2012 IBC, 2012 IRC, 2009 IBC, 2009 IRC, 2006 IBC, and 2006 IRC.
- Conforms to requirements of ASTM E 488, ASTM C 881, Types I, II, IV and V, Grade 3, Classes B & C (also meets Type III except for elongation)
- Department of Transportation listings see www.powers.com or contact transportation agency
- Tested in accordance with ACI 355.4, ASTM E 488, and ICC-ES AC308 for use in structural concrete (Design according to ACI 318 Appendix D and as amended by provisions of ICC-ES AC308)
- Evaluated and qualified by an accredited independent testing laboratory for recognition in cracked and uncracked concrete including seismic and wind loading.
- Compliant with NSF/ANSI 61 for drinking water system components health effects; minimum requirements for materials in contact with potable water and water treatment

GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS

CSI Divisions: 03 16 00 - Concrete Anchors, 04 05 19.16 Masonry Anchors and 05 05 19 Post-Installed Concrete Anchors. Adhesive anchoring system shall be Pure110+ as supplied by Powers Fasteners, Inc., Brewster, NY. Anchors shall be installed in accordance with published instructions and requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction.



This Product Available In



Powers Design Assist Real-Time Anchor Design Software www.powersdesignassist.com



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PACKAGING

Coaxial Cartridge

• 9 fl. oz. (265 ml or 16.2 in³)

Dual (side-by-side) Cartridge

- 21 fl. oz. (620 ml or 37.8 in³), 1:1 mix ratio
- 13 fl. oz. (385 ml or 23.5 in³), 3:1 mix ratio
- 20 fl. oz. (585 ml or 35.7 in³), 3:1 mix ratio

STORAGE LIFE & CONDITIONS

Two years in a dry, dark environment with temperature ranging from 41°F to 95°F (5°C to 35°C)

ANCHOR SIZE RANGE (TYP.)

- 3/8" to 1-1/4" diameter threaded rod
- No. 3 to No. 10 reinforcing bar (rebar)

SUITABLE BASE MATERIALS

- Normal-weight concrete
- Lightweight concrete
- Grouted Concrete Masonry
- Hollow Concrete Masonry

PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS

- Dry concrete
- Water-saturated concrete (wet)
- Water-filled holes (flooded)
- Underwater concrete (submerged)

REFERENCE DATA (ASD)

Installation Table for Pure110+ (Solid Concrete Base Materials)

Dimension/Property	Notation	Units				Nomi	nal Anchor S	Size			
Threaded Rod	-	-	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	-	1-1/4	-
Reinforcing Bar	-	-	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	-	#10
Nominal anchor diameter	d	in. (mm)	0.375 (9.5)	0.500 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.5)	1.000 (25.4)	1.125 (28.6)	1.250 (31.8)	1.250 (31.8)
Carbide drill bit nominal size	dbit	in.	7/16 ANSI	9/16 ANSI	11/16 or 3/4 ANSI	7/8 ANSI	1 ANSI	1-1/8 ANSI	1-3/8 ANSI	1-3/8 ANSI	1-1/2 ANSI
Minimum embedment	h _{nom}	in. (mm)	2-3/8 (61)	2-3/4 (70)	3-1/8 (80)	3-1/2 (89)	3-1/2 (89)	4 (102)	4-1/2 (114)	5 (127)	5 (127)
Minimum spacing distance	S _{min}	in. (mm)	1-7/8 (48)	2-1/2 (62)	3-1/8 (80)	3-3/4 (95)	4-3/8 (111)	5 (127)	5-5/8 (143)	6-1/4 (159)	6-1/4 (159
Minimum edge distance	Cmin	in. (mm)	1-7/8 (48)	2-1/2 (62)	3-1/8 (80)	3-3/4 (95)	4-3/8 (111)	5 (127)	5-5/8 (143)	6-1/4 (159)	6-1/4 (159
Maximum torque ¹	т	ftlb. (N-m)	15 (20)	30 (41)	60 (81)	105 (142)	125 (169)	165 (223)	200 (270)	280 (379)	280 (379)
Maximum torque (low strength rods) ^{1,2}	Tmax	ftlb. (N-m)	5 (7)	20 (27)	40 (54)	60 (81)	100 (136)	165 (223)	-	280 (379)	-

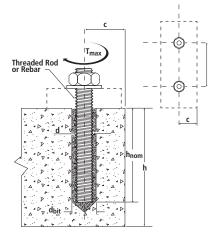
1. Torque may not be applied to the anchors until the full cure time of the adhesive has been achieved.

2. These torque values apply to ASTM A 36 / F 1554, Grade 36 carbon steel threaded rods; ASTM F1554 Grade 55 carbon steel threaded rods; and ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M (Class 1) stainless steel threaded rods.

Installation Table for Pure110+ (Hollow Base Material with Screen Tube)

Dimensions/www.wetu	Notation	Units	Nominal Size - Plastic						
Dimensions/property	Notation	Units	3/8″	1/2″	5/8″	3/4″			
Nominal threaded rod diameter	d	in (mm)	0.375 (9.5)	0.500 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.0)			
Nominal screen tube diameter	-	in.	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4			
Nominal diameter of drilled hole	d _{bit}	in.	9/16 ANSI	3/4 ANSI	7/8 ANSI	1 ANSI			
Maximum torque (only possible after full cure time of adhesive)	T _{max}	ftlb. (N-m)	10 (8)	10 (8)	10 (8)	10 (8)			

Detail of Steel Hardware Elements used with Injection Adhesive System



Nomenclature

- d
- = Diameter of anchor = Diameter of drilled hole dbit
- = Base material thickness h
- The greater of: $[h_{nom} + 1-1/4"]$ and $[h_{nom} + 2d_{bit}]$

h_{nom} = Minimum embedment depth

Threaded Rod and Deformed Reinforcing Bar Material Properties

Steel Description (General)	Steel Specification (ASTM)	Nominal Anchor Size (inch)	Minimum Yield Strength, fy (ksi)	Minimum Ultimate Strength, f₁ (ksi)	
	A 36 or F1554 Grade 36	3/8 through 1-1/4	36.0	58.0	
	F 1554 Grade 55	5/8 through 1-1/4	55.0	75.0	
Carlana Ctarl	4.440	3/8 through 1	92.0	120.0	
Carbon Steel	A 449	1-1/4	81.0	105.0	
	A 193, Grade B7 or F 1554, Grade 105	3/8 through 1-1/4	105.0	125.0	
	F 568M Class 5.8	3/4 through 1-1/4	58.0	72.5	
	F 593,	3/8 through 5/8	65.0	100.0	
	Condition CW	3/4 through 1-1/4	45.0	85.0	
Stainless Steel	A 193/A193M Grade B8/B8M2, Class 1	3/4 through 1-1/4	30.0	75.0	
	A 193/A193M Grade B8/B8M2, Class 2B	3/8 through 1-1/4	75.0	95.0	
Grade 40 Reinforcing Bar	A 615, A 767	3/8 through 3/4 (#3 through #6)	40.0	60.0	
Grade 60	A 615, A 767	3/8 through 1-1/4	60.0	90.0	
Reinforcing Bar	A 706, A 767	(#3 through #10)	60.0	80.0	
Grade 75 Reinforcing Bar	A 615, A 767	3/8 through 1-1/4 (#3 through #10)	75.0	100.0	

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Ultimate and Allowable Load Capacities for Pure110+ Installed with Threaded Rod into Normal Weight Concrete (based on bond strength/concrete capacity)^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7}



				Minimum Concrete C	ompressive Strength	
Rod	Drill	Minimum	f′c = 3,000 p	si (20.7 MPa)	f′c = 4,000 p	si (27.6 MPa)
Diameter d in.	Diameter dbit in.	Embedment Depth in. (mm)	Ultimate Tension Load Capacity Ibs. (kN)	Allowable Tension Load Capacity Ibs. (kN)	Ultimate Tension Load Capacity lbs. (kN)	Allowable Tension Load Capacity Ibs. (kN)
3/8	7/16	3-3/8 (85.7)	10,445 (46.5)	2,610 (11.6)	10,445 (46.5)	2,610 (11.6)
1/2	9/16	4 1/2 (114.3)	17,470 (77.7)	4,370 (19.4)	20,225 (90.0)	5,055 (22.5)
5/8	11/16 or 3/4	5-5/8 (142.9)	23,335 (103.8)	5,835 (26.0)	28,600 (127.2)	7,150 (31.8)
3/4	7/8	6-3/4 (171.5)	36,255 (161.3)	9,065 (40.3)	40,930 (182.1)	10,235 (45.5)
7/8	1	7-7/8 (200.0)	46,275 (205.8)	11,570 (51.5)	52,920 (235.4)	13,230 (58.8)
1	1-1/8	9 (228.6)	57,015 (253.6)	14,255 (63.4)	79,295 (352.7)	19,825 (88.2)
	1-1/0	10 (254.0)	77,445 (344.5)	19,360 (86.1)	82,745 (368.1)	20,685 (92.0)
1-1/4	1-3/8	11-1/4 (285.8)	91,885 (408.7)	22,970 (102.2)	98,170 (436.7)	24,545 (109.2)

1. Allowable load capacities listed are calculated using an applied safety factor of 4.0. Consideration of safety factors of 10 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety or overhead.

2. Linear interpolation may be used to determine allowable loads for intermediate embedments and compressive strengths.

3. The tabulated load values are applicable to single anchors installed at critical edge and spacing distances and where the minimum member thickness is the greater of [hnom + 1-1/4"] and [hnom + 2dbit]

4. The tabulated load values are applicable for dry concrete. Holes must be drilled with a hammer drill and an ANSI carbide drill bit. Installations in water-saturated concrete (wet) or in water-filled holes (flooded) require a 15% reduction in capacity. Installations in underwater concrete (submerged) require a 30% reduction in capacity. Contact Powers Fasteners for more information concerning these installation conditions.

5. Adhesives experience reductions in capacity at elevated temperatures. See the in-service temperature chart for allowable load capacity reduction factors.

6. Allowable bond strength/concrete capacity must be checked against allowable steel strength in tension to determine the controlling allowable load.

7. Allowable shear capacity is controlled by allowable steel strength for the given conditions.

Ultimate and Allowable Load Capacities for Pure110+ Installed with Reinforcing Bar into Normal Weight Concrete (based on bond strength/concrete capacity)^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7}



			Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength							
Bar	Drill	Minimum	f′c = 3,000 p	si (20.7 MPa)	f'c = 4,000 psi (27.6 MPa)					
Diameter d #	Diameter dbit in.	Embedment Depth in. (mm)	Ultimate Tension Load Capacity Ibs. (kN)	Allowable Tension Load Capacity Ibs. (kN)	Ultimate Tension Load Capacity Ibs. (kN)	Allowable Tensior Load Capacity Ibs. (kN)				
#3	7/16	3-3/8 (85.7)	11,155 (49.6)	2,790 (12.4)	11,155 (49.6)	2,790 (12.4)				
#4	9/16	4-1/2 (114.3)	17,735 (78.9)	4,435 (19.7)	19,200 (85.4)	4,800 (21.4)				
#5	11/16 or 2/4	4 (101.6)	16,740 (74.5)	4,185 (18.6)	16,910 (75.2)	4,230 (18.8)				
#5	11/16 or 3/4	5-5/8 (142.9)	23,420 (104.2)	5,855 (26.0)	25,705 (114.3)	6,425 (28.6)				
#6	7/8	6-3/4 (171.5)	34,266 (152.4)	8,565 (38.1)	40,775 (181.4)	10,195 (45.3)				
#8	1-1/8	9 (228.6)	55,140 (245.3)	13,785 (61.3)	72,575 (322.8)	18,145 (80.7)				

1. Allowable load capacities listed are calculated using an applied safety factor of 4.0. Consideration of safety factors of 10 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety or overhead.

2. Linear interpolation may be used to determine allowable loads for intermediate embedments and compressive strengths.

3. The tabulated load values are applicable to single anchors installed at critical edge and spacing distances and where the minimum member thickness is The greater of [hnom + 1-1/4"] and [hnom + 2dbit].

4. The tabulated load values are applicable for dry concrete. Holes must be drilled with a hammer drill and an ANSI carbide drill bit. Installations in water-saturated concrete (wet) or in water-filled holes (flooded) require a 15% reduction in capacity. Installations in underwater concrete (submerged) require a 30% reduction in capacity. Contact Powers Fasteners for more information concerning these installation conditions.

5. Adhesives experience reductions in capacity at elevated temperatures. See the in-service temperature chart for allowable load capacity reduction factors.

6. Allowable bond strength/concrete capacity must be checked against allowable steel strength in tension to determine the controlling allowable load.

7. Allowable shear capacity is controlled by allowable steel strength for the given conditions.

Allowable Load Capacities for Pure110+ Installed into Uncracked Normal-Weight Concrete with Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar (Based on Steel Strength)^{1,2,3}

Nominal				Steel Eleme	ents - Threade	d Rod and Reir	nforcing Bar			
Rod Diameter	A36 or F1554, Grade 36		A 193, Grade Grade	B7 or F1554, e 105	F 593, (CW (SS)	Grade 6	0 Rebar	Grade 40 Rebar	
or Rebar	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear
Size	Ibs	lbs	Ibs	Ibs	Ibs	lbs	Ibs	Ibs	Ibs	lbs
(in. or #)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)	(kN)
3/8 or #3	2,115	1,090	4,555	2,345	3,645	1,880	3,280	1,690	2,185	1,125
	(9.4)	(4.8)	(20.3)	(10.4)	(16.2)	(8.4)	(14.6)	(7.5)	(9.7)	(5.0)
1/2 or #4	3,760	1,935	8,100	4,170	6,480	3,340	5,830	3,005	3,890	2,005
	(16.7)	(8.6)	(36.0)	(18.5)	(28.8)	(14.9)	(25.9)	(13.4)	(17.3)	(8.9)
5/8 or #5	5,870	3,025	12,655	6,520	10,125	5,215	9,110	4,695	6,075	3,130
	(26.1)	(13.5)	(56.3)	(29.0)	(45.0)	(23.2)	(40.5)	(20.9)	(27.0)	(13.9)
3/4 or #6	8,455	4,355	18,225	9,390	12,390	6,385	13,120	6,760	8,745	4,505
	(37.6)	(19.4)	(81.1)	(41.8)	(55.1)	(28.4)	(58.4)	(30.1)	(38.9)	(20.0)
7/8 or #7	11,510	5,930	24,805	12,780	16,865	8,690	17,860	9,200	11,905	6,135
	(51.2)	(26.4)	(110.3)	(56.8)	(75.0)	(38.7)	(79.4)	(40.9)	(53.0)	(27.3)
1 or #8	15,035	7,745	32,400	16,690	22,030	11,350	23,325	12,015	15,550	8,010
	(66.9)	(34.5)	(144.1)	(74.2)	(98.0)	(50.5)	(103.8)	(53.4)	(69.2)	(35.6)
#9	-	-		-	-	-	29,680 (132.0)	15,290 (68.0)	19,785 (88.0)	10,195 (45.3)
1-1/4	23,490 (104.5)	12,100 (53.8)	50,620 (225.2)	26,080 (116.0)	34,425 (153.1)	17,735 (78.9)	-	-	-	-
#10	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,625 (167.4)	19,380 (86.2)	25,080 (111.6)	12,920 (57.5)

1. AISC defined steel strength (ASD): Tensile = $0.33 \bullet F_u \bullet A_{nom}$, Shear = $0.17 \bullet F_u \bullet A_{nom}$

FASTENING INNOVATIONS

2. Allowable steel strength in tension must be checked against allowable bond strength/concrete capacity in tension to determine the controlling allowable load.

3. The tabulated load values are applicable to single anchors installed at critical edge and spacing distances and where the minimum member thickness is 2.5 times the embedment depth.

In-Service Temperature Chart For Allowable Load Capacities¹

BASE MATERIA	L TEMPERATURE	
°F	°C	REDUCTION FACTOR FOR TEMPERATURE
32	0	0.89
41	5	1.00
50	10	1.00
70	20	1.00
110	43	1.00
130	54	0.82
150	66	0.73
180	82	0.48
1. Linear interpolation may be used to	derive reduction factors for temperatures b	etween those listed.

ADHESIVES

Ultimate and Allowable Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with Pure110+ into Grout Filled Masonry^{1,2,3,4,5}



	Anchor Installed Into Grouted Masonry Wall Faces												
Nominal	Minimum Embed.	Nominal Drill	Minimum End	Minimum	Ultimat	te Load	Allowab	le Load					
Diameter d in.	in. (mm)	Bit Diameter in.	Distance in. (mm)	Edge Distance in. (mm)	Tension Ibs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension Ibs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)					
3/8	3 (76.2)	7/16 ANSI	12 (304.8)	12 (304.8)	6,005 (26.7)	5,200 (23.1)	1,200 (5.3)	1,040 (4.6)					
1/2	4 (101.6)	9/16 ANSI	12 (304.8)	12 (304.8)	8,650 (38.5)	8,845 (39.3)	1,730 (7.7)	1,770 (7.9)					
5/8	5 (127)	11/16 ANSI	12 (304.8)	12 (304.8)	12,840 (57.1)	8,430 (37.5)	2,570 (11.4)	1,685 (7.5)					
3/4	6 (152.4)	7/8 ANSI	20 (508)	20 (508)	19,560 (87.0)	12,685 (56.4)	3,910 (17.4)	2,540 (11.3)					

Anchor Installed in	1 the	Tops of	Grouted	Masonry	Walls ⁶

Nominal	Nominal Minimum Nominal		Minimum	Minimum	Ultima	te Load	Allowable Load		
Diameter d in.	Embed. h _v in. (mm)	Drill Bit Diameter in.	End Distance in. (mm)	Edge Distance in. (mm)	Tension Ibs. (kN)	Shear Ibs. (kN)	Tension Ibs. (kN)	Shear Ibs. (kN)	
1/2	4 (101.6)	9/16 ANSI	1.75 (44.5)	4 (101.6)	5,135 (22.8)	1,750 (7.8)	1,030 (4.6)	350 (1.6)	
5/8	5 (127)	11/16 ANSI	2.75 (69.9)	4 (101.6)	5,360 (23.6)	3,130 (13.9)	1,070 (4.8)	625 (2.8)	

1. Tabulated load values are for 3/8" and 1/2" diameter anchors installed in minimum 6" wide, Grade N, Type II, light weight concrete masonry units conforming to ASTM C 90 that have reached the minimum designated ultimate compressive strength at the time of installation (f'm ≥ 1,500 psi).

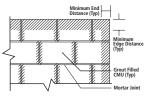
2. Tabulated load values are for 5/8" and 3/4" diameter anchors installed in 8" wide, Grade N, Type II, light weight concrete masonry units conforming to ASTM C 90 that have reached the minimum designated ultimate compressive strength at the time of installation (f'm ≥ 1,500 psi).

3. Anchors must be installed in grouted cells and the minimum edge and end distances must be maintained.

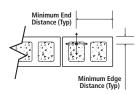
4. Allowable load capacities listed are calculated using an applied safety factor of 5.0 and must be checked against the allowable tension and shear capacities for threaded rod based on steel strength to determine the controlling factor.

5. The tabulated values are applicable for anchors installed into grouted masonry wall faces and masonry wall tops at a critical spacing distance, s_r, between anchors of 3 times the embedment depth.

6. Anchor installations into tops of grouted masonry walls are limited to one per masonry cell.



Wall Face Permissible Anchor Locations (Un-hatched Area)



Top of Wall

Ultimate and Allowable Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with Pure110+ in Hollow Concrete Masonry Wall with Plastic Screen Tubes^{1,2,3}



Ultimate Load Allowable Load **Minimum End** Minimum Edge **Nominal Anchor** Minimum Screen Tube Length Distance Distance ASTM C-90 Block Tension Tension Diameter in. (mm) in. (mm) Туре in. in. lbs. (kN) lbs. (kN) 3-3/4 3-3/4 790 160 3/8 3-1/2 Lightweight (95.3) (95.3) (3.5) (0.7)250 3-3/4 3-3/4 1,255 1/23 - 1/2Lightweight (95.3)(95.3)(5.6) (1.1)3-3/4 3-3/4 1,545 310 5/8 6 Normal-weight⁴ (95.3) (95.3) (6.9) (1.4)1,545 310 3-3/4 3-3/4 3/4 6 Normal-weight⁴ (95.3) (95.3)(6.9)(1.4)

1. Tabulated load values are for anchors installed in minimum 8" wide, Grade N, Type II, lightweight or normal weight concrete masonry units conforming to ASTM C 90 that have reached a designated ultimate compressive strength at the time of installation (f'm ≥ 1,500 psi). Mortar must be type N, S or M.

Allowable loads are calculated using an applied safety factor of 5.0. Consideration of safety factors of 10 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety.
 Anchor spacing is limited to one per masonry cell.

4. The tabulated load values are applicable to normal-weight concrete masonry units with a minimum face shell thickness of 1-1/2 inches.

STRENGTH DESIGN (SD)

Installation Specifications for Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar

				Fra	ctional Non	ninal Rod D	Diameter (II	nch) / Reinf	orcing Bar	Size	
Parameter	Symbol	Units	3/8 or #3	1/2 or #4	5/8 or #5	3/4 or #6	7/8 or #7	1 or #8	#9	1-1/4	#10
Threaded rod outside diameter	d	inch (mm)	0.375 (9.5)	0.500 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1.000 (25.4)	-	1.250 (31.8)	-
Rebar nominal outside diameter	d	inch (mm)	0.375 (9.5)	0.500 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1.000 (25.4)	1.125 (28.7)	-	1.250 (31.8)
Carbide drill bit nominal size	d _o (d _{bit})	inch	7/16	9/16	11/16 or 3/4	7/8	1	1-1/8	1-3/8	1-3/8	1-1/2
Minimum embedment	hef,min	inch (mm)	2-3/8 (60)	2-3/4 (70)	3-1/8 (79)	3-1/2 (89)	3-1/2 (89)	4 (102)	4-1/2 (114)	5 (127)	5 (127)
Maximum embedment	h _{ef,max}	inch (mm)	7-1/2 (191)	10 (254)	12-1/2 (318)	15 (381)	17-1/2 (445)	20 (508)	22-1/2 (572)	25 (635)	25 (635)
Minimum member thickness	h _{min}	inch (mm)	h _{ef} + 1-1/4 (h _{ef} + 30) h _{ef} + 2d _o								
Minimum anchor spacing	Smin	inch (mm)	1-7/8 (48)	2-1/2 (64)	3-1/8 (79)	3-3/4 (95)	4-3/8 (111)	5 (127)	5-5/8 (143)	6-1/4 (159)	6-1/4 (159)
Minimum edge distance	Cmin	inch (mm)	1-7/8 (48)	2-1/2 (64)	3-1/8 (79)	3-3/4 (95)	4-3/8 (111)	5 (127)	5-5/8 (143)	6-1/4 (159)	6-1/4 (159)
Max. torque ²	T _{max}	ft-lbs (N-m)	15 (20)	30 (41)	60 (81)	105 (142)	125 (169)	165 (221)	200 (280)	280 (379)	280 (379)
Max. torque ^{2,3} (low strength rods)	T _{max}	ft-lbs (N-m)	5 (7)	20 (27)	40 (54)	60 (81)	100 (136)	165 (223)	-	280 (379)	-
Minimum edge distance, reduced ^s	Cmin,red	inch (mm)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	2-3/4 (70)	2-3/4 (70)	2-3/4 (70)
Max. torque, reduced ²	T _{max,red}	ft-lbs (N-m)	7 [5]4	14 (19)	27 (37)	47 (64)	56 (76)	74 (100)	90 (122)	126 (171)	126 (171)

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N-m = 0.7375 ft-lbf. For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 ft-lbf = 1.356 N-m.

1. For use with the design provisions of ACI 318 Appendix D, ICC-ES AC308, Section 4.2 and ESR-3298

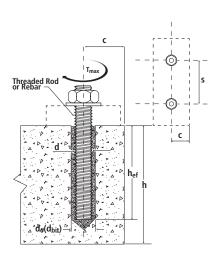
2. Torque may not be applied to the anchors until the full cure time of the adhesive has been achieved.

3. These torque values apply to ASTM A 36 / F 1554 Grade 36 carbon steel threaded rods; ASTM F 1554 Grade 55 carbon steel threaded rods; and ASTM A 193 Grade B8/B8M (Class 1) stainless steel threaded rods.

4. These torque values apply to ASTM A 193 Grade B8/B8M (Class 1) stainless steel threaded rods.

5. For Installation between the minimum edge distance, cmin, and the reduced minimum edge distance, Cmin,red, the maximum torque applied must be max torque reduced, Tmaxred.

Detail of Steel Hardware Elements used with Injection Adhesive System



Threaded Rod and Deformed	Reinforcing B	Rar Matorial	Proportios
Threaded Nou and Deformed	Reinforcing B	bar material	Properties

Incuded I	tou and Deronneu	Kennoreing B	ai materiai	roperties
Steel Description (General)	Steel Specification (ASTM)	Nominal Anchor Size (inch)	Minimum Yield Strength, f _y (ksi)	Minimum Ultimate Strength, fu (ksi)
	A 36 or F 1554 Grade 36		36.0	58.0
	F 1554 Grade 55	3/8 through 1-1/4	55.0	75.0
	A 449	3/8 through 1	92.0	120.0
Carbon rod	A 449	1-1/4	81.0	105.0
	A 193, Grade B7 or F 1554, Grade 105	3/8 through 1-1/4	105.0	125.0
	F 568M Class 5 8	3/4 through 1-1/4	58.0	72.5
	F 593 Condition CW	3/8 through 5/8	65.0	100.0
		3/4 through 1-1/4	45.0	85.0
Stainless rod	A 193/193M Grade B8/B8M, Class 1	3/8 through 1-1/4	30.0	75.0
	A 193/A193M Grade B8/B8M2, Class 2B	3/8 through 1-1/4	75.0	95.0
Grade 40 Reinforcing Bar	A 615, A 767	3/8 through 1-1/4 (#3 through #10)	40.0	60.0
Grade 60	A 615, A 767	3/8 through 1-1/4	60.0	90.0
Reinforcing Bar	A 706, A 767	(#3 through #10)	60.0	80.0
Grade 75 Reinforcing Bar	A 615, A 767	3/8 through 1-1/4 (#3 through #10)	75.0	100.0



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Steel Tension and Shear Design for Threaded Rod in Normal Weight Concrete (For use with load combinations taken from ACI318 Section 9.2)



FASTENING INNOVATIONS

(,					ABLES
	Design Information	Symbol	Units			Nominal	Rod Diamet	ter' (inch)		
	Design Information	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1-1/4
Threaded rod	nominal outside diameter	d	inch (mm)	0.375 (9.5)	0.500 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1.000 (25.4)	1.250 (31.8
Throadod rod	effective cross-sectional area	Ase	inch ²	0.0775	0.1419	0.2260	0.3345	0.4617	0.6057	0.969
medueu iou		Ase	(mm²)	(50)	(92)	(146)	(216)	(298)	(391)	(625 56,21
ASTM A 36	Nominal strength as governed by		lbf (kN)	4,495 (20.0)	8,230 (36.6)	13,110 (58.3)	19,400 (86.3)	26,780 (119.1)	35,130 (156.3)	(250.
and	steel strength (for a single anchor)	V_{sa}	lbf (kN)	2,695 (12.0)	4,940 (22.0)	7,860 (35.0)	11,640 (51.8)	16,070 (71.4)	21,080 (93.8)	33,72 (150.
ASTM F 1554 Grade 36	Grade 36 Reduction factor for seismic shear		-	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
	Strength reduction factor for tension ² Strength reduction factor for shear ²	$\frac{\phi}{\phi}$	-				0.75 0.65			
			lbf	5,810	10,640	16,950	25,085	34,625	45,425	72,68
	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength(for a single anchor)	N _{sa}	(kN) Ibf	(25.9) 3,485	(47.3) 6,385	(75.4)	(111.6) 15,050	(154.0) 20,775	(202.0) 27,255	(323. 43,6
ASTM F 1554 Grade 55		Vsa	(kN)	(15.5)	(28.4)	(45.2)	(67.0)	(92.4)	(121.2)	(194.
	Reduction factor for seismic shear	ØV,seis	-	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
Strength reduction factor for tension Strength reduction factor for shear ²		$\frac{\phi}{\phi}$	-				0.75 0.65			
			- Ibf	9,685	17,735	28,250	41,810	57,710	75,710	121,1
ASTM A 193	Nominal strength as governed by	N_{sa}	(kN)	(43.1)	(78.9)	(125.7)	(186.0)	(256.7)	(336.8)	(538.
Grade B7	steel strength (for a single anchor)	V_{sa}	lbf (kN)	5,815 (25.9)	10,640 (7.3)	16,950 (75.4)	25,085 (111.6)	34,625 (154.0)	45,425 (202.1)	72,68 (323.
and ASTM F 1554	Reduction factor for seismic shear	Ø∕v,seis	(KIN) -	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.8
Grade 105	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ φ	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.0
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	ϕ	-			1	0.65			
	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength	Nsa	lbf (kN)	9,300 (41.4)	17,025 (75.7)	27,120 (120.6)	40,140 (178.5)	55,905 (248.7)	72,685 (323.3)	101,7 (452.
ASTM A 449	(for a single anchor)	Vsa	lbf (kN)	5,580 (24.8)	10,215 (45.4)	16,270 (72.4)	24,085 (107.1)	33,540 (149.2)	43,610 (194.0)	61,0 (271
	Reduction factor for seismic shear	Ø∕V,seis	-	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
	Strength reduction factor for tension ² Strength reduction factor for shear ²	$\frac{\phi}{\phi}$	-				0.75			
			- Ibf	5,620	10,290	16,385	24,250	33,475	43,915	_5
	Nominal strength as governed by	N _{sa}	(kN)	(25.0)	(45.8)	(72.9)	(107.9)	(148.9)	(195.4)	
ISO 898-1 Class 5.8	steel strength (for a single anchor)	V_{sa}	lbf (kN)	3,370 (15.0)	6,175 (27.5)	9,830 (43.7)	14,550 (64.7)	20,085 (89.3)	26,350 (117.2)	_5
	Reduction factor for seismic shear	Ø∕v,seis	-	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	_5
	Strength reduction factor for tension ³	φ	-				0.65			
	Strength reduction factor for shear ³	φ	- Ibf	7,750	14,190	22,600	0.60 28,430	39,245	51,485	82.3
	Nominal strength as governed by	Nsa	(kN)	(34.5)	(63.1)	(100.5)	(126.5)	(174.6)	(229.0)	(366.
ASTM F 593 CW Stainless	steel strength (for a single anchor)	V_{sa}	lbf	4,650	8,515	13,560	17,060	23,545	30,890	49,4
(Types 304	Reduction factor for seismic shear	Olv,seis	(kN)	(20.7) 0.70	(37.9) 0.70	(60.3) 0.80	(75.9) 0.80	(104.7) 0.80	<u>(137.4)</u> 0.80	(219.
and 316)	Strength reduction factor for tension ³	φ	-	0.70	0.70	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.0
	Strength reduction factor for shear ³	$\dot{\phi}$	-				0.60			
ASTM A 193	Nominal strength as governed by	Nsa	lbf (kN)	4,420 (19.7)	8,090 (36.0)	12,880 (57.3)	19,065 (84.8)	26,315 (117.1)	34,525 (153.6)	55,2 (245
Grade B8/B8M, Class 1 Stainless	steel strength (for a single anchor)4	V_{sa}	lbf (kN)	2,650 (11.8)	4,855 (21.6)	7,730 (34.4)	11,440 (50.9)	15,790 (70.2)	20,715 (92.1)	33,1 (147
(Types 304	Reduction factor for seismic shear	ØV,seis	-	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
and 316)	Strength reduction factor for tension ² Strength reduction factor for shear ²	$\frac{\phi}{\phi}$	-				0.75			
ASTM A 193		φ Nsa	lbf (kN)	7,365 (32.8)	13,480 (60.0)	21,470 (95.5)	31,775 (141.3)	43,860 (195.1)	57,545 (256.0)	92,06 (409.
Grade B8/ B8M2, Class 2P	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (for a single anchor)	Vsa	lbf (kN)	4,420 (19.7)	8,085 (36.0)	12,880 (57.3)	19,065 (84.8)	26,315 (117.1)	34,525 (153.6)	55,24 (245.
Class 2B Stainless	Reduction factor for seismic shear	Ø∕v,seis	(KIN) -	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
Types 304 and	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	φ	-	0.70	0.70	0.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
316)	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	φ	-				0.65			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf.

Yol Si Finch = 2.34 film, Fibi = 4.446 N. For pointe-infinite 0.05957 infinite, FIN = 0.2248 lbl.
 Values provided for steel element material types are based on minimum specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29) except where noted. Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal to or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specified threaded rod.
 The tabulated value of \$\phi\$ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC or ACI 318 Section 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of \$\phi\$ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. Values correspond to ductile steel elements.
 The tabulated value of \$\phi\$ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC or ACI 318 Section 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of \$\phi\$ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. Values correspond to brittle steel elements.
 The tabulated value of \$\phi\$ appropriate value of \$\phi\$ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. Values correspond to brittle steel elements.

In accordance with ACI 318 D.5.1.2 and D.6.1.2 the calculated values for nominal tension and shear strength for ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M Class 1 stainless steel threaded rods are based on limiting the specified tensile strength of the anchor steel to 1.9fy or 57,000 psi (393 MPa). 4.

The referenced standard includes rod diameters up to and including 1-inch (24 mm).

CODE LISTED ICC-ES ESR-3298

Steel Tension and Shear Design for Reinforcing Bars in Normal Weight Concrete (For use with load combinations taken from ACI318 Section 9.2)

FASTENING INNOVATIONS

	itti ioau compinations ta	Ken no				,					ABLES
						Nomina	l Reinforcir	ng Bar Size	(Rebar)		
	Design Information	Symbol	Units	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10
Rebar nomi	Rebar nominal outside diameter			0.375 (9.5)	0.500 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1.000 (25.4)	1.125 (28.7)	1.250 (32.3)
Rebar effect	tive cross-sectional area	Ase	inch ² (mm ²)	0.110 (71.0)	0.200 (129.0)	0.310 (200.0)	0.440 (283.9)	0.600 (387.1)	0.790 (509.7)	1.000 (645.2)	1.270 (819.4)
	Nominal strength as governed by	N _{sa}	lbf (kN)	11,000 (48.9)	20,000 (89.0)	31,000 (137.9)	44,000 (195.7)	60,000 (266.9)	79,000 (351.4)	100,000 (444.8)	127,00 (564.9)
ASTM A 615	steel strength (for a single anchor)	V_{sa}	lbf (kN)	6,600 (29.4)	12,000 (53.4)	18,600 (82.7)	26,400 (117.4)	36,000 (160.1)	47,400 (210.8)	60,000 (266.9)	76,200 (338.9)
Grade 75	Reduction factor for seismic shear	lphaV,seis	-	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
	Strength reduction factor for tension ³	ϕ	-				0.	65			
	Strength reduction factor for shear ³	ϕ	-				0.	60			
	Nominal strength as governed by	N _{sa}	lbf (kN)	9,900 (44.0)	18,000 (80.1)	27,900 (124.1)	39,600 (176.1)	54,000 (240.2)	71,100 (316.3)	90,000 (400.3)	114,30((508.4)
ASTM A 615	steel strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lbf (kN)	5,940 (26.4)	10,800 (48.0)	16,740 (74.5)	23,760 (105.7)	32,400 (144.1)	42,660 (189.8)	54,000 (240.2)	68,580 (305.0
Grade 60	Reduction factor for seismic shear	∂ V,seis	-	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	ϕ	-	0.75							
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	ϕ	-	0.65							
	Nominal strength as governed by	Nsa	lbf (kN)	8,800 (39.1)	16,000 (71.2)	24,800 (110.3)	35,200 (156.6)	48,000 (213.5)	63,200 (281.1)	80,000 (355.9)	101,60 (452.0)
ASTM_A 706	steel strength (for a single anchor)	V_{sa}	lbf (kN)	5,280 (23.5)	9,600 (42.7)	14,880 (66.2)	21,120 (94.0)	28,800 (128.1)	37,920 (168.7)	48,000 (213.5)	60,960 (271.2)
Grade 60	Reduction factor for seismic shear	lphaV,seis	-	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	ϕ	-				0.	75			
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	ϕ	-				0.	65			
	Nominal strength as governed by	N _{sa}	lbf (kN)	6,600 (29.4)	12,000 (53.4)	18,600 (82.7)	26,400 (117.4)	In accor	dance with	ASTM A 61	5. Grade
ASTM_A 615	steel strength (for a single anchor)	V _{sa}	lbf (kN)	3,960 (17.6)	7,200 (32.0)	11,160 (49.6)	15,840 (70.5)		are furnishe	d only in siz h No. 6	
Grade 40	Reduction factor for seismic shear	<i>O</i> ℓv,seis	-	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80				
	Strength reduction factor for tension ²	ϕ	-	0.75							
	Strength reduction factor for shear ²	ϕ	-				0.	65			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf.

1. Values provided for reinforcing bar material types based on minimum specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29).

2. The tabulated value of ϕ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC or ACI 318 Section 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. Values correspond to ductile steel elements.

3. The tabulated value of ϕ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC or ACI 318 Section 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. Values correspond to brittle steel elements.

Concrete Breakout Design Information for Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bars (For use with loads combinations taken from ACI 318 Section 9.2)¹



ASTENING INNOVATION

			Nominal Rod Diameter (inch) / Reinforcing Bar Size								
Design Information	Symbol	Units	3/8 or #3	1/2 or #4	5/8 or #5	3/4 or #6	7/8 or #7	1 or #8	#9	1-1/4 or #10	
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	k _{c,cr}	- (SI)	17 (7.1)								
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	kc,uncr	- (SI)		24 (10.0)							
Minimum embedment	h _{ef,min}	inch (mm)	2-3/8 (60)	2-3/4 (70)	3-1/8 (79)	3-1/2 (89)	3-1/2 (89)	4 (102)	4-1/2 (114)	5 (127)	
Maximum embedment	h _{ef,max}	inch (mm)	7-1/2 (191)	10 (254)	12-1/2 (318)	15 (381)	17-1/2 (445)	20 (508)	22-1/2 (572)	25 (635)	
Minimum anchor spacing	Smin	inch (mm)	1-7/8 (48)	2-1/2 (64)	3-1/8 (79)	3-3/4 (95)	4-3/8 (111)	5 (127)	5-5/8 (143)	6-1/4 (159)	
Minimum edge distance ²	Cmin	inch (mm)			5 <i>d</i> where <i>d</i> is	s nominal out	side diameter	of the anchor			
Minimum edge distance, reduced ²	Cmin, red	inch (mm)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	2-3/4 (70)	2-3/4 (70)	
Minimum member thickness	h _{min}	inch (mm)	h _{ef} + (h _{ef} -	1-1/4 + 30)		h _{ef} -	⊦ 2d₀ where d	₀ is hole diam	eter;		
Critical edge distance—splitting (for		inch			Cac	$hef \cdot (\frac{\tau_{uncr}}{1160})$	^{₀.₄} · [3.1-0.7 H	h_] lef			
uncracked concrete only) ³	C _{ac}	(mm)	$C_{ac} = h_{ef} \cdot (\frac{\tau_{uncr}}{8})^{0.4} \cdot [3.1-0.7 \frac{h}{h_{ef}}]$								
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B ⁴	φ	-	0.65								
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B ⁴	ϕ	-	0.70								

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf.

1. Additional setting information is described in the installation instructions.

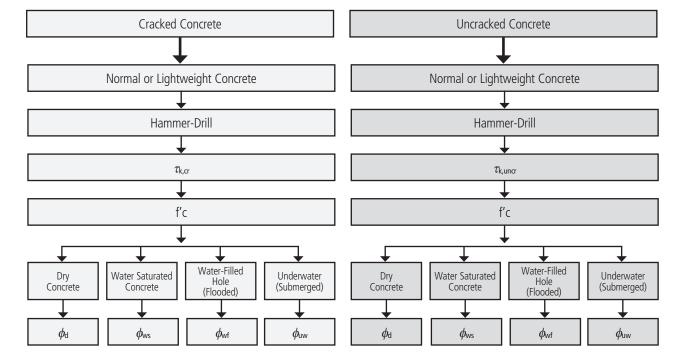
2. For installation between the minimum edge distance, cmin, and the reduced minimum edge distance, cmin, ed, the maximum torque applied must be reduced (multiplied) by a factor of 0.45.

3. $T_{k,uncr}$ need not be taken as greater than: $T_{k,uncr} \bullet \sqrt{h_{ef} \bullet f'_C}$ and $\frac{h}{r}$ need not be taken as larger than 2.4. h_{ef}

π•d

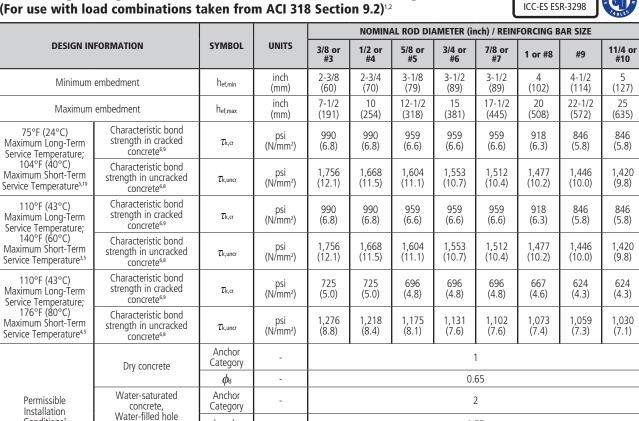
4. Condition A requires supplemental reinforcement, while Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided or where pryout governs, as set forth in ACI 318 D.4.3. The tabulated value of ϕ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC or ACI 318 Section 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. If the load combinations of ACI 318 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4.

FLOWCHART FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF DESIGN BOND STRENGTH



Bond Strength Design Information for Threaded Rods and Reinforcing Bars (For use with load combinations taken from ACI 318 Section 9.2)^{1,2}

ASTENING INNOVATION



STRENGTH DESIGN (SD)

CODE LISTED

0.55

1

3

0.45

2

0.55

 $lpha_{N,seis}$ For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 psi = 0.006894 MPa. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

1. Bond strength values correspond to a normal-weight concrete compressive strength f'c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f'c between 2,500 psi and 8,000 psi (17.2 MPa and 55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f'c / 2,500)⁰²³ [For SI: (f'c / 17.2)⁰²³].

-

See Section 4.1.4 of this report for bond strength determination.

Reduction factor for seismic tension⁹

(flooded)

Underwater (submerged)

Conditions³

2. The modification factor for bond strength of adhesive anchors in lightweight concrete shall be taken as given in ACI 318 D.3.6, where applicable.

3. The maximum short-term service temperature may be increased to 162°F (72°C) provided characteristic bond strengths are reduced by 3 percent. Long-term and short-term temperatures meet the requirements of Section 8.5 of ACI 355.4 and Table 8.1, Temperature Category B.

4. Long-term and short-term temperatures meet the requirements of Section 8.5 of ACI 355.4 and Table 8.1, Temperature Category A.

 $\phi_{\rm ws}, \phi_{\rm wf,}$

Anchor

Category

 ϕ_{uw}

5. Short-term base material service temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term base material service temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

6. Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads.

Permissible installation conditions include dry concrete, water-saturated concrete, water-filled holes and underwater. Water-filled holes include applications in dry or water-saturated 7. concrete where the drilled holes contain standing water at the time of anchor installation.

- 8. Bond strength values for uncracked concrete are applicable for structures assigned to Seismic Design Categories A and B only.
- 9. For structures assigned to Seismic Design Categories C, D, E or F, the tabulated bond strength values for cracked concrete do not require an additional reduction factor applied for seismic tension ($\alpha_{N,seis} = 1.0$), where seismic design is applicable.

10. Room temperature range is not recognized by ACI 318-11 and does not meet the minimum temperature requirements from ACI 355.4, Table 8.1. and consequently is not applicable to design under ACI 318-11 or current and past editions of the International Building Code (IBC). The Tabulated values are provided for analysis and evaluation of existing conditions only.

Tension and Shear Design Strength Installed in Uncracked Concrete (Bond or Concrete Strength) Drilled with a Hammer-Drill and Carbide Bit in a Dry Hole Condition 75°F (24°C) Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature; 104°F (40°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8}



STENING INNOVATION

					Minimu	m Concrete C	ompressive S	trength				
Nominal	Embed.	f'c = 2,5	500 (psi)	f'c = 3,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 4,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 6,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 8,000 (psi)		
Rod/Rebar Size (in. or #)	Depth hef (in.)	∲N₀ or ∲N₀ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cb}}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cp}}}$ Shear (Ibs.)	ØN₀ or ØN₃ Tension (Ibs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cb}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cp}}$ Shear (lbs.)	ØN₀ or ØN₃ Tension (Ibs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cb}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cp}}$ Shear (lbs.)	∲N₀ or ∳N₃ Tension (lbs.)	ϕ V଼ or ϕ V଼ Shear (lbs.)	ØΝ₀ or Ø№ Tension (lbs.)	¢V₀ or φV₀ Shear (lbs.)	
	2-3/8	2,855	2,570	3,125	2,920	3,560	3,555	3,905	4,205	4,175	4,495	
2/0 //2	3	4,035	4,000	4,205	4,455	4,495	5,285	4,935	6,720	5,270	7,965	
3/8 or #3	4-1/2	6,050	7,305	6,310	8,135	6,740	9,645	7,400	12,260	7,905	14,54	
	7-1/2	10,085	15,545	10,515	17,315	11,235	20,530	12,335	26,100	13,180	28,38	
	2-3/4	3,555	3,305	3,895	3,755	4,500	4,590	5,510	6,095	6,120	7,340	
1/2 // 4	4	6,240	6,700	6,835	7,610	7,590	9,165	8,330	11,650	8,900	13,81	
1/2 or #4	6	10,220	12,640	10,655	14,080	11,385	16,695	12,500	21,225	13,355	25,16	
	10	17,030	26,920	17,760	29,990	18,975	35,560	20,830	44,865	22,255	47,93	
	3-1/8	4,310	4,120	4,720	4,680	5,450	5,720	6,675	7,600	7,710	9,295	
E 10 11 E	5	8,720	9,985	9,555	11,345	11,030	13,875	12,520	17,875	13,375	21,19	
5/8 or #5	7-1/2	15,355	19,390	16,010	21,600	17,105	25,610	18,780	32,560	20,065	38,60	
	12-1/2	25,590	41,320	26,685	46,030	28,510	54,580	31,295	67,410	33,440	72,02	
	3-1/2	5,105	5,015	5,595	5,700	6,460	6,970	7,910	9,255	9,135	11,32	
	6	11,465	13,595	12,560	15,445	14,500	18,895	17,455	24,920	18,650	29,55	
3/4 or #6	9	21,060	26,855	22,325	30,115	23,850	35,705	26,180	45,390	27,970	53,82	
	15	35,675	57,590	37,205	64,155	39,750	76,065	43,635	93,985	46,620	100,4	
	3-1/2	5,105	4,930	5,595	5,605	6,460	6,855	7,910	9,100	9,135	11,13	
	7	14,445	16,605	15,825	18,865	18,275	23,075	22,380	30,650	24,710	36,82	
7/8 or #7	10-1/2	26,540	32,800	29,070	37,265	31,605	44,495	34,695	56,565	37,070	67,06	
	17-1/2	47,280	71,775	49,305	79,955	52,675	94,800	57,825	120,520	61,780	133,06	
	4	6,240	6,115	6,835	6,945	7,895	8,495	9,665	11,280	11,160	13,80	
	8	17,650	19,750	19,335	22,435	22,325	27,440	27,340	36,450	31,530	44,55	
1 or #8	12	32,425	39,005	35,520	44,315	40,325	53,835	44,265	68,440	47,295	81,15	
	20	60,320	86,850	62,905	96,750	67,210	114,715	73,775	145,835	78,825	169,77	
	4-1/2	7,445	7,110	8,155	8,080	9,420	9,880	11,535	13,125	13,320	16,05	
	9	21,060	23,055	23,070	26,190	26,640	32,035	32,625	42,550	37,675	52,04	
#9	13-1/2	38,690	45,540	42,380	51,740	48,940	63,280	54,850	81,120	58,600	96,18	
	22-1/2	74,740	102,905	77,945	114,635	83,275	135,920	91,415	172,790	97,670	204,8	
	5	8,720	8,170	9,555	9,285	11,030	11,355	13,510	15,085	15,600	18,45	
1 1 / 4	10	24,665	26,380	27,020	29,975	31,200	36,660	38,210	48,690	44,125	59,55	
1-1/4	15	45,315	52,110	49,640	59,200	57,320	72,410	66,495	94,110	71,045	111,58	
	25	90,615	119,440	94,495	133,050	100,960	157,755	110,830	200,555	118,410	237,79	
	5	8,720	8,160	9,555	9,270	11,030	11,335	13,510	15,060	15,600	18,42	
	10	24,665	26,430	27,020	30,025	31,200	36,725	38,210	48,780	44,125	59,66	
#10	15	45,315	52,205	49,640	59,310	57,320	72,545	66,495	94,285	71,045	111,79	
	25	90,615	119,615	94,495	133,245	100,960	157,985	110,830	200,850	118,410	238,14	

1. Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in uncracked normal-weight concrete with minimum slab thickness,

 $h_a = h_{min}$, and with the following conditions:

- can is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance, cac

- c_{a2} is greater than or equal to 1.5 times $c_{a1}.$

2. Calculations were performed following methodology in ACI 318-11 Appendix D and ICC-ES AC308. The load level corresponding to the failure mode listed [Concrete breakout strength, bond strength/pryout strength] must be checked against the tabulated steel strength of the corresponding threaded rod or rebar size and type, the lowest load level controls. This temperature range is not recognized by ACI 318-11 and does not meet the minimum temperature requirements from ACI 355.4 Table 8.1 and consequently is not applicable to design under ACI 318-11 or current and past editions of the International Building Code (IBC). The tabulated values are provided for analysis and evaluation of existing conditions only.

3. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for concrete breakout strength are based on ACI 318 Section 9.2 for load combinations. Condition B was assumed.

4. Strength reduction factors (φ) for bond strength are determined from reliability testing and qualification in accordance with ICC-ES AC308 and are tabulated in this product information and in ESR-3298.

5. Tabular values are permitted for short-term static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables.

6. For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix D.

7. Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths, please see ACI 318-11 Appendix D, ICC-ES AC308 and information included in this product supplement. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318-11 Appendix D and ICC-ES AC308 and ESR-3298.

8. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time. Short-term elevated temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling.



PD

Tension and Shear Design Strength Installed in Uncracked Concrete (Bond or Concrete Strength) Drilled with a Hammer-Drill and Carbide Bit in a Dry Hole Condition 110°F (43°C) Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature;

140°F (60°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9}

					Minimu	m Concrete C	Compressive S	Strength			
Nominal	Embed.	f'c = 2,5	500 (psi)	f'c = 3,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 4,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 6,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 8,0)00 (psi)
Rod/Rebar Size (in. or #)	Depth hef (in.)	∲N₀ or Ø№ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cb}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cp}}$ Shear (lbs.)	∲N₀ or Ø№ Tension (lbs.)	ϕ V₀ or ϕ V₀ Shear (lbs.)	∲N₀ or Ø№ Tension (lbs.)	ϕ V₀ or ϕ V₀ Shear (lbs.)	∲Nৣ or Ø№ Tension (lbs.)	ϕ V₀ or ϕ V₀ Shear (lbs.)	∲N₀ or ∳N₀ Tension (lbs.)	∳V₀ or ∳V₀ Shear (lbs.)
	2-3/8	2,855	2,570	3,125	2,920	3,560	3,555	3,905	4,205	4,175	4,495
3/8 or #3	3	4,035	4,000	4,205	4,455	4,495	5,285	4,935	6,720	5,270	7,965
5/0 01 #5	4-1/2	6,050	7,305	6,310	8,135	6,740	9,645	7,400	12,260	7,905	14,540
	7-1/2	10,085	15,545	10,515	17,315	11,235	20,530	12,335	26,100	13,180	28,385
	2-3/4	3,555	3,305	3,895	3,755	4,500	4,590	5,510	6,095	6,120	7,340
1/2 or #4	4	6,240	6,700	6,835	7,610	7,590	9,165	8,330	11,650	8,900	13,815
1/2 01 11-4	6	10,220	12,640	10,655	14,080	11,385	16,695	12,500	21,225	13,355	25,165
	10	17,030	26,920	17,760	29,990	18,975	35,560	20,830	44,865	22,255	47,930
	3-1/8	4,310	4,120	4,720	4,680	5,450	5,720	6,675	7,600	7,710	9,295
5/8 or #5	5	8,720	9,985	9,555	11,345	11,030	13,875	12,520	17,875	13,375	21,195
5/0 01 115	7-1/2	15,355	19,390	16,010	21,600	17,105	25,610	18,780	32,560	20,065	38,605
	12-1/2	25,590	41,320	26,685	46,030	28,510	54,580	31,295	67,410	33,440	72,020
	3-1/2	5,105	5,015	5,595	5,700	6,460	6,970	7,910	9,255	9,135	11,320
3/4 or #6	6	11,465	13,595	12,560	15,445	14,500	18,895	17,455	24,920	18,650	29,550
514 01 110	9	21,060	26,855	22,325	30,115	23,850	35,705	26,180	45,390	27,970	53,820
	15	35,675	57,590	37,205	64,155	39,750	76,065	43,635	93,985	46,620	100,410
_	3-1/2	5,105	4,930	5,595	5,605	6,460	6,855	7,910	9,100	9,135	11,130
7/8 or #7	7	14,445	16,605	15,825	18,865	18,275	23,075	22,380	30,650	24,710	36,825
//0 01 11/	10-1/2	26,540	32,800	29,070	37,265	31,605	44,495	34,695	56,565	37,070	67,065
	17-1/2	47,280	71,775	49,305	79,955	52,675	94,800	57,825	120,520	61,780	133,065
	4	6,240	6,115	6,835	6,945	7,895	8,495	9,665	11,280	11,160	13,800
1 or #8	8	17,650	19,750	19,335	22,435	22,325	27,440	27,340	36,450	31,530	44,555
1 01 #0	12	32,425	39,005	35,520	44,315	40,325	53,835	44,265	68,440	47,295	81,150
	20	60,320	86,850	62,905	96,750	67,210	114,715	73,775	145,835	78,825	169,775
	4-1/2	7,445	7,110	8,155	8,080	9,420	9,880	11,535	13,125	13,320	16,055
#9	9	21,060	23,055	23,070	26,190	26,640	32,035	32,625	42,550	37,675	52,040
11.5	13-1/2	38,690	45,540	42,380	51,740	48,940	63,280	54,850	81,120	58,600	96,185
	22-1/2	74,740	102,905	77,945	114,635	83,275	135,920	91,415	172,790	97,670	204,875
	5	8,720	8,170	9,555	9,285	11,030	11,355	13,510	15,085	15,600	18,450
1-1/4	10	24,665	26,380	27,020	29,975	31,200	36,660	38,210	48,690	44,125	59,555
- 1/T	15	45,315	52,110	49,640	59,200	57,320	72,410	66,495	94,110	71,045	111,585
	25	90,615	119,440	94,495	133,050	100,960	157,755	110,830	200,555	118,410	237,790
	5	8,720	8,160	9,555	9,270	11,030	11,335	13,510	15,060	15,600	18,420
#10	10	24,665	26,430	27,020	30,025	31,200	36,725	38,210	48,780	44,125	59,660
#1U	15	45,315	52,205	49,640	59,310	57,320	72,545	66,495	94,285	71,045	111,790
	25	90,615	119,615	94,495	133,245	100,960	157,985	110,830	200,850	118,410	238,140

🔲 - Concrete Breakout Strength 🔲 - Bond Strength/Pryout Strength

 Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in uncracked normal-weight concrete with minimum slab thickness, h_a = h_{min}, and with the following conditions:

- c_{a1} is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance, c_{ac}

- C_{a2} is greater than or equal to 1.5 times $c_{a1}.$

2. Calculations were performed according to ACI 318-11 Appendix D and ICC-ES AC308. The load level corresponding to the failure mode listed [Concrete breakout strength, bond strength/ pryout strength] must be checked against the tabulated steel strength of the corresponding threaded rod or rebar size and type, the lowest load level controls.

3. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for concrete breakout strength are based on ACI 318 Section 9.2 for load combinations. Condition B was assumed.

4. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for bond strength are determined from reliability testing and qualification in accordance with ICC-ES AC308 and are tabulated in this product information and in ESR-3298.

5. Tabular values are permitted for static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables. Periodic special inspection must be performed where required by code, see ESR-3298 for applicable information.

6. For anchors subjected to tension resulting from sustained loading a supplemental check must be performed according to ACI 318-11 D.4.1.2.

7. For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix D.

Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths, please see ACI 318-11 Appendix D, ICC-ES AC308 and information included in this product supplement. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318-11 Appendix D and ICC-ES AC308 and ESR-3298.

9. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time. Short-term elevated temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling.



Tension and Shear Design Strength Installed in Uncracked Concrete (Bond or Concrete Strength) Drilled with a Hammer-Drill and Carbide Bit in a Dry Hole Condition 110°F (43°C) Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature;



176°F (80°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9}

					Minimu	m Concrete C	Compressive S	trength			
Nominal	Embed.	f'c = 2,5	600 (psi)	f'c = 3,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 4,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 6,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 8,0	00 (psi)
Rod/Rebar Size (in. or #)	Depth h∉ (in.)	∲N₀ or Ø№ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{V_{cb}}$ or $\phi_{V_{cp}}$ Shear (Ibs.)	ØN₀ or ØN₀ Tension (Ibs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cb}}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cp}}}$ Shear (lbs.)	∲N₀ or Ø№ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cb}}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cp}}}$ Shear (lbs.)	∲N₀ or ØN₃ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cb}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cp}}$ Shear (lbs.)	ØΝ₀ or Ø№ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cb}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cp}}$ Shear (lbs.)
	2-3/8	2,320	2,370	2,420	2,605	2,585	2,785	2,840	3,055	3,030	3,265
3/8 or #3	3	2,930	3,520	3,055	3,925	3,265	4,650	3,585	5,915	3,830	7,010
5/0 UI #5	4-1/2	4,395	6,425	4,585	7,160	4,900	8,490	5,380	10,790	5,745	12,375
	7-1/2	7,330	13,680	7,640	15,240	8,165	17,585	8,965	19,305	9,575	20,625
	2-3/4	3,420	3,250	3,565	3,620	3,810	4,295	4,185	5,460	4,470	6,475
1/2 or #4	4	4,975	6,120	5,185	6,815	5,540	8,080	6,085	10,275	6,500	12,180
1/2 01 #4	6	7,460	11,145	7,780	12,415	8,315	14,720	9,125	18,715	9,750	21,000
	10	12,435	23,740	12,970	26,445	13,855	29,845	15,210	32,760	16,250	35,000
	3-1/8	4,310	4,120	4,720	4,680	5,220	5,625	5,720	7,150	6,075	8,480
5/8 or #5	5	7,500	9,400	7,820	10,470	8,355	12,415	9,170	15,785	9,800	18,715
J/0 01 mJ	7-1/2	11,245	17,120	11,730	19,070	12,530	22,615	13,755	28,750	14,695	31,655
	12-1/2	18,745	36,485	19,550	40,645	20,885	44,985	22,925	49,380	24,495	52,760
	3-1/2	5,105	5,015	5,595	5,700	6,265	6,970	6,920	9,020	7,355	10,695
3/4 or #6	6	10,395	13,075	10,840	14,565	11,580	17,270	12,710	21,950	13,580	26,030
5/4 01 #0	9	15,590	23,810	16,255	26,525	17,370	31,450	19,065	39,985	20,370	43,875
	15	25,980	50,730	27,095	56,515	28,950	62,350	31,780	68,445	33,950	73,125
	3-1/2	5,105	4,930	5,585	5,605	6,065	6,855	6,810	9,100	7,370	11,070
7/8 or #7	7	13,785	16,300	14,375	18,155	15,355	21,525	16,860	27,365	18,010	32,445
770 01 #7	10-1/2	20,675	29,685	21,560	33,065	23,035	39,205	25,285	49,840	27,015	58,190
	17-1/2	34,460	63,245	35,935	70,455	38,390	82,690	42,145	90,770	45,025	96,980
	4	6,240	6,115	6,835	6,945	7,660	8,495	8,605	11,280	9,345	13,800
1 or #8	8	17,530	19,695	18,280	21,940	19,530	26,010	21,440	33,070	22,905	39,210
101#0	12	26,295	35,870	27,420	39,960	29,295	47,375	32,160	60,230	34,360	71,410
	20	43,820	76,430	45,700	85,140	48,825	100,950	53,595	115,440	57,265	123,335
	4-1/2	7,445	7,110	8,155	8,080	9,360	9,880	10,510	13,125	11,410	16,055
#9	9	21,060	23,055	22,835	26,085	24,395	30,925	26,780	39,320	28,610	46,620
π,	13-1/2	32,845	42,650	34,250	47,515	36,595	56,335	40,170	71,620	42,915	84,915
	22-1/2	54,740	90,850	57,085	101,205	60,990	119,995	66,950	144,195	71,530	154,060
	5	8,720	8,170	9,555	9,285	11,030	11,355	12,735	15,085	13,830	18,450
1-1/4	10	24,665	26,380	27,020	29,975	29,295	35,745	32,155	45,445	34,355	53,885
1-1/4	15	39,435	49,290	41,125	54,910	43,940	65,105	48,235	82,770	51,535	98,135
	25	65,730	105,045	68,545	117,015	73,230	138,740	80,390	173,145	85,890	184,990
	5	8,720	8,160	9,555	9,270	11,030	11,335	12,590	15,060	13,670	18,420
#10	10	24,665	26,430	27,020	30,025	29,295	35,810	32,155	45,525	34,355	53,975
<i>π</i> 10	15	39,435	49,385	41,125	55,010	43,940	65,225	48,235	82,920	51,535	98,315
	25	65,730	105,195	68,545	117,185	73,230	138,945	80,390	173,145	85,890	184,990

🔲 - Concrete Breakout Strength 🔲 - Bond Strength/Pryout Strength

1. Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in uncracked normal-weight concrete with minimum slab thickness,

 $h_a = h_{min}$, and with the following conditions:

- c_{a1} is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance, c_{ac} - Ca2 is greater than or equal to 1.5 times Ca1.

2. Calculations were performed according to ACI 318-11 Appendix D and ICC-ES AC308. The load level corresponding to the failure mode listed [Concrete breakout strength, bond strength/ pryout strength] must be checked against the tabulated steel strength of the corresponding threaded rod or rebar size and type, the lowest load level controls.

3. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for concrete breakout strength are based on ACI 318 Section 9.2 for load combinations. Condition B was assumed.

4. Strength reduction factors (\$\phi\$) for bond strength are determined from reliability testing and qualification in accordance with ICC-ES AC308 and are tabulated in this product information and in ESR-3298.

5. Tabular values are permitted for static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables. Periodic special inspection must be performed where required by code, see ESR-3298 for applicable information.

6. For anchors subjected to tension resulting from sustained loading a supplemental check must be performed according to ACI 318-11 D.4.1.2.

7. For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix D.

8. Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths, please see ACI 318-11 Appendix D, ICC-ES AC308 and information included in this product supplement. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318-11 Appendix D and ICC-ES AC308 and ESR-3298.

9. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time. Short-term elevated temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling

Tension and Shear Design Strength Installed in Cracked Concrete (Bond or Concrete Strength) Drilled with a Hammer-Drill and Carbide Bit in a Dry Hole Condition 75°F (24°C) Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature; 104°F (40°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8}



					Minimu	m Concrete C	ompressive S	trength			
Nominal	Embed.	f'c = 2,5	500 (psi)	f'c = 3,0)00 (psi)	f'c = 4,0)00 (psi)	f'c = 6,0	00 (psi)	f'c = 8,000 (psi)	
Rod/Rebar Size (in. or #)	Depth hef (in.)	or <i>Φ</i> N₄ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cb}}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cp}}}$ Shear (lbs.)	<i>φ</i> Ν₀ or <i>φ</i> Ν₃ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cb}}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cp}}}$ Shear (lbs.)	<i>φ</i> Ν₀ or <i>φ</i> Ν₃ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cb}}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cp}}}$ Shear (lbs.)	<i>φ</i> Ν₀ or <i>φ</i> Ν₃ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cb}}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{cp}}}$ Shear (lbs.)	<i>φ</i> Ν₀ or <i>φ</i> Ν₃ Tension (lbs.)	¢۷۵ or ¢۷۵ Shear (Ibs.)
	2-3/8	1,800	1,835	1,880	2,020	2,005	2,160	2,200	2,370	2,355	2,535
2/0 #2	3	2,275	2,860	2,370	3,185	2,535	3,775	2,780	4,800	2,970	5,690
3/8 or #3	4-1/2	3,410	5,215	3,560	5,810	3,800	6,890	4,170	8,760	4,460	9,600
	7-1/2	5,685	11,100	5,930	12,370	6,335	13,645	6,955	14,980	7,430	16,005
	2-3/4	2,520	2,360	2,760	2,680	3,095	3,280	3,400	4,355	3,630	5,245
1/2	4	4,045	4,785	4,215	5,435	4,505	6,545	4,945	8,320	5,285	9,870
1/2 or #4	6	6,065	9,030	6,325	10,060	6,755	11,925	7,420	15,160	7,925	17,070
	10	10,110	19,230	10,540	21,420	11,260	24,255	12,365	26,630	13,210	28,450
	3-1/8	3,050	2,940	3,345	3,340	3,850	4,085	4,335	5,430	4,720	6,640
F /0 #F	5	6,120	7,135	6,380	8,105	6,820	9,910	7,485	12,770	7,995	15,140
5/8 or #5	7-1/2	9,180	13,850	9,575	15,430	10,230	18,295	11,225	23,255	11,995	25,835
	12-1/2	15,300	29,515	15,955	32,880	17,045	36,715	18,710	40,305	19,990	43,060
	3-1/2	3,620	3,580	3,965	4,070	4,575	4,980	5,325	6,610	5,790	8,085
2/4 #C	6	8,120	9,710	8,895	11,035	9,820	13,495	10,780	17,800	11,515	21,105
3/4 or #6	9	13,220	19,185	13,785	21,510	14,730	25,505	16,165	32,420	17,275	37,205
	15	22,030	41,135	22,975	45,825	24,545	52,870	26,945	58,035	28,790	62,005
7/0 #7	3-1/2	3,620	3,525	3,965	4,000	4,575	4,895	5,360	6,500	5,810	7,950
	7	10,230	11,860	11,210	13,475	12,945	16,485	14,670	21,895	15,675	26,300
7/8 or #7	10-1/2	17,990	23,430	18,765	26,620	20,045	31,780	22,005	40,405	23,510	47,905
	17-1/2	29,985	51,270	31,270	57,110	33,410	67,715	36,675	78,995	39,185	84,395
	4	4,420	4,365	4,840	4,960	5,590	6,065	6,655	8,060	7,215	9,855
1 or #0	8	12,500	14,105	13,695	16,025	15,815	19,600	18,340	26,035	19,595	31,825
1 or #8	12	22,495	27,860	23,460	31,655	25,065	38,455	27,515	48,885	29,395	57,965
	20	37,490	62,035	39,095	69,110	41,770	81,940	45,855	98,765	48,990	105,520
	4-1/2	5,275	5,080	5,780	5,770	6,670	7,060	7,620	9,375	8,260	11,465
	9	14,920	16,465	16,340	18,710	18,870	22,880	21,395	30,390	22,855	37,170
#9	13-1/2	26,235	32,530	27,360	36,955	29,235	45,200	32,090	57,945	34,285	68,700
	22-1/2	43,730	73,505	45,600	81,880	48,720	97,085	53,485	115,195	57,140	123,075
	5	6,175	5,835	6,765	6,630	7,815	8,110	9,465	10,775	10,260	13,175
1 1/4	10	17,470	18,845	19,140	21,410	22,100	26,185	26,410	34,780	28,220	42,540
1-1/4	15	32,095	37,220	33,780	42,285	36,090	51,720	39,615	67,225	42,325	79,705
	25	53,985	85,315	56,300	95,035	60,150	112,685	66,030	142,215	70,545	151,945
i	5	6,175	5,830	6,765	6,620	7,815	8,100	9,365	10,755	10,150	13,155
#10	10	17,470	18,880	19,140	21,445	22,100	26,230	26,410	34,840	28,220	42,615
#10	15	32,095	37,290	33,780	42,365	36,090	51,815	39,615	67,345	42,325	79,850
	25	53,985	85,440	56,300	95,175	60,150	112,850	66,030	142,215	70,545	151,945

1. Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in cracked normal-weight concrete with minimum slab thickness, $h_a = h_{min}$, and with the following conditions:

- Ca1 is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance, Cac

- Ca2 is greater than or equal to 1.5 times Ca1.

2. Calculations were performed following methodology in ACI 318-11 Appendix D and ICC-ES AC308. The load level corresponding to the failure mode listed [Concrete breakout strength, bond strength/pryout strength] must be checked against the tabulated steel strength of the corresponding threaded rod or rebar size and type, the lowest load level controls. This temperature range is not recognized by ACI 318-11 and does not meet the minimum temperature requirements from ACI 355.4 Table 8.1 and consequently is not applicable to design under ACI 318-11 or current and past editions of the International Building Code (IBC). The tabulated values are provided for analysis and evaluation of existing conditions only.

3. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for concrete breakout strength are based on ACI 318 Section 9.2 for load combinations. Condition B was assumed.

4. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for bond strength are determined from reliability testing and qualification in accordance with ICC-ES AC308 and are tabulated in this product information and in ESR-3298.

5. Tabular values are permitted for short-term static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables.

6. For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix D.

7. Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths, please see ACI 318-11 Appendix D, ICC-ES AC308 and information included in this product supplement. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318-11 Appendix D and ICC-ES AC308 and ESR-3298.

Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time. Short-term elevated temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of 8. diurnal cycling.

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POWERS.

Tension and Shear Design Strength Installed in Cracked Concrete (Bond or Concrete Strength) Drilled with a Hammer-Drill and Carbide Bit in a Dry Hole Condition 110°F (43°C) Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature; 140°F (60°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9}



		Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength									
Nominal	Embed.	f'c = 2,5	500 (psi)	f'c = 3,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 4,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 6,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 8,0	00 (psi)
Rod/Rebar Size (in. or #)	Depth h∉ (in.)	ØN₀ or ØN₄ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cb}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cp}}$ Shear (lbs.)	ØΝ₀ or Ø№ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cb}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cp}}$ Shear (lbs.)	∲N₀ or Ø№ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cb}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cp}}$ Shear (lbs.)	ØΝ₀ or Ø№ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{V_{cb}}$ or $\phi_{V_{cp}}$ Shear (Ibs.)	ØΝ₀ or Ø№ Tension (lbs.)	$\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cb}}$ or $\phi_{\mathbf{V}_{cp}}$ Shear (lbs.)
	2-3/8	1,800	1,835	1,880	2,020	2,005	2,160	2,200	2,370	2,355	2,535
3/8 or #3	3	2,275	2,860	2,370	3,185	2,535	3,775	2,780	4,800	2,970	5,690
5/0 01 #5	4-1/2	3,410	5,215	3,560	5,810	3,800	6,890	4,170	8,760	4,460	9,600
	7-1/2	5,685	11,100	5,930	12,370	6,335	13,645	6,955	14,980	7,430	16,005
	2-3/4	2,520	2,360	2,760	2,680	3,095	3,280	3,400	4,355	3,630	5,245
1/2 or #4	4	4,045	4,785	4,215	5,435	4,505	6,545	4,945	8,320	5,285	9,870
172 01 114	6	6,065	9,030	6,325	10,060	6,755	11,925	7,420	15,160	7,925	17,070
	10	10,110	19,230	10,540	21,420	11,260	24,255	12,365	26,630	13,210	28,450
	3-1/8	3,050	2,940	3,345	3,340	3,850	4,085	4,335	5,430	4,720	6,640
5/8 or #5	5	6,120	7,135	6,380	8,105	6,820	9,910	7,485	12,770	7,995	15,140
5/0 01 #5	7-1/2	9,180	13,850	9,575	15,430	10,230	18,295	11,225	23,255	11,995	25,835
	12-1/2	15,300	29,515	15,955	32,880	17,045	36,715	18,710	40,305	19,990	43,060
	3-1/2	3,620	3,580	3,965	4,070	4,575	4,980	5,325	6,610	5,790	8,085
3/4 or #6	6	8,120	9,710	8,895	11,035	9,820	13,495	10,780	17,800	11,515	21,105
5/4 01 #0	9	13,220	19,185	13,785	21,510	14,730	25,505	16,165	32,420	17,275	37,205
	15	22,030	41,135	22,975	45,825	24,545	52,870	26,945	58,035	28,790	62,005
	3-1/2	3,620	3,525	3,965	4,000	4,575	4,895	5,360	6,500	5,810	7,950
7/8 or #7	7	10,230	11,860	11,210	13,475	12,945	16,485	14,670	21,895	15,675	26,300
//0 01 #/	10-1/2	17,990	23,430	18,765	26,620	20,045	31,780	22,005	40,405	23,510	47,905
	17-1/2	29,985	51,270	31,270	57,110	33,410	67,715	36,675	78,995	39,185	84,395
	4	4,420	4,365	4,840	4,960	5,590	6,065	6,655	8,060	7,215	9,855
1 or #8	8	12,500	14,105	13,695	16,025	15,815	19,600	18,340	26,035	19,595	31,825
101 #0	12	22,495	27,860	23,460	31,655	25,065	38,455	27,515	48,885	29,395	57,965
	20	37,490	62,035	39,095	69,110	41,770	81,940	45,855	98,765	48,990	105,520
	4-1/2	5,275	5,080	5,780	5,770	6,670	7,060	7,620	9,375	8,260	11,465
#9	9	14,920	16,465	16,340	18,710	18,870	22,880	21,395	30,390	22,855	37,170
π3	13-1/2	26,235	32,530	27,360	36,955	29,235	45,200	32,090	57,945	34,285	68,700
	22-1/2	43,730	73,505	45,600	81,880	48,720	97,085	53,485	115,195	57,140	123,075
	5	6,175	5,835	6,765	6,630	7,815	8,110	9,465	10,775	10,260	13,175
1-1/4	10	17,470	18,845	19,140	21,410	22,100	26,185	26,410	34,780	28,220	42,540
1-1/4	15	32,095	37,220	33,780	42,285	36,090	51,720	39,615	67,225	42,325	79,705
	25	53,985	85,315	56,300	95,035	60,150	112,685	66,030	142,215	70,545	151,945
	5	6,175	5,830	6,765	6,620	7,815	8,100	9,365	10,755	10,150	13,155
#10	10	17,470	18,880	19,140	21,445	22,100	26,230	26,410	34,840	28,220	42,615
π10	15	32,095	37,290	33,780	42,365	36,090	51,815	39,615	67,345	42,325	79,850
	25	53,985	85,440	56,300	95,175	60,150	112,850	66,030	142,215	70,545	151,945

🔲 - Concrete Breakout Strength 🔲 - Bond Strength/Pryout Strength

1. Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in cracked normal-weight concrete with minimum slab thickness, $h_a = h_{min}$, and with the following conditions:

- c_{a1} is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance, c_{ac}

- Ca2 is greater than or equal to 1.5 times Ca1.

2. Calculations were performed according to ACI 318-11 Appendix D and ICC-ES AC308. The load level corresponding to the failure mode listed [Concrete breakout strength, bond strength/ pryout strength] must be checked against the tabulated steel strength of the corresponding threaded rod or rebar size and type, the lowest load level controls.

3. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for concrete breakout strength are based on ACI 318 Section 9.2 for load combinations. Condition B was assumed.

4. Strength reduction factors (φ) for bond strength are determined from reliability testing and qualification in accordance with ICC-ES AC308 and are tabulated in this product information and in ESR-3298.

5. Tabular values are permitted for static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables. Periodic special inspection must be performed where required by code, see ESR-3298 for applicable information.

6. For anchors subjected to tension resulting from sustained loading a supplemental check must be performed according to ACI 318-11 D.4.1.2.

7. For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix D.

 Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths, please see ACI 318-11 Appendix D, ICC-ES AC308 and information included in this product supplement. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318-11 Appendix D and ICC-ES AC308 and ESR-3298.

9. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time. Short-term elevated temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling.



Embed.

Depth

hef

(in.)

2-3/8

3

4-1/2

7-1/2

2-3/4

4

6

10

3-1/8

5

7-1/2

12-1/2

3-1/2

6

9

15

3-1/2

7

10-1/2

17-1/2

4

8

12

20

4-1/2

9

13-1/2

22-1/2

5

10

15

25

5

10

15

25

Nominal

Rod/Rebar

Size

(in. or #)

3/8 or #3

1/2 or #4

5/8 or #5

3/4 or #6

7/8 or #7

1 or #8

#9

1-1/4

#10

Tension and Shear Design Strength Installed in Cracked Concrete (Bond or Concrete Strength) Drilled with a Hammer-Drill and Carbide Bit in a Dry Hole Condition 110°F (43°C) Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature; 176°F (80°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9}

f'c = 2,500 (psi)

 $\phi_{\mathsf{V}_{\mathrm{db}}}$ or $\phi_{\mathsf{V}_{\mathrm{qb}}}$

Shear

(lbs.)

1,420

2,515

4,590

8,970

2,325

4,370

7,960

15,945

2,940

6,715

12.230

23,915

3,580

9,340

17,010

34,440

3,525

11,640

21,200

45,175

4,365

14,065

25,620

54,595

5,080

16,465

30,465

64,895

5,835

18,845

35.210

75.030

5.830

18,880

35,275

75,140

ØN₀ or ØN₃ Tension

(lbs.)

1,320

1,665

2,500

4,165

2,035

2.960

4,440

7,400

2,740

4,440

6.660

11,105

3,360

6,395

9,595

15,990

3,350

8,705

13,060

21,765

4,165

10,895

16,345

27,240

4,830

12,900

19,350

32.255

6,015

15.930

23.890

39.820

5.950

15,930

23,890

39,820

🔲 - Concrete Breakout Strength 🔲 - Bond Strength/Pryout Strength

f'c = 3,000 (psi)

¢V₀ or ¢Vգ

Shear

(lbs.)

1,480

2.800

5,115

9,350

2,585

4,870

8,870

16,625

3,340

7,480

13.625

24,940

4,070

10,405

18.945

35,915

4,000

12,970

23,620

48,880

4,960

15,670

28,540

60,815

5,770

18,630

33.940

72,290

6,630

21,410

39.220

83,580

6.620

21,445

39,295

83,705

∲N₀ or ØN₃ Tension

(lbs.)

1,375

1,735

2,605

4,340

2,125

3.090

4,630

7,720

2,895

4,630

6.945

11.580

3,540

6,670

10,005

16,675

3,530

9,080

13,615

22,695

4,390

11,365

17,045

28,405

5,085

13,455

20,180

33,635

6,335

16,610

24.915

41.525

6.265

16,610

24,915

41,525

Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength

f'c = 4,000 (psi)

¢V₀ or φVφ Shear

(lbs.)

1.580

3,320

5,995

9,990

3,070

5,775

10,515

17,765

4,015

8,870

15.985

26.645

4,980

12,335

22,465

38,370

4,895

15,375

28,005

52,225

6,065

18,580

33,840

65,370

7,060

22,090

40,240

77,400

8,110

25,535

46.505

95.555

8,100

25,580

46,590

95,555

φN₀ or φN₃ Tension

(lbs.)

1,470

1,855

2,785

4,640

2,270

3,300

4.950

8,245

3,095

4,950

7.425

12.370

3,855

7,125

10,690

17,815

3,830

9,700

14,550

24,245

4,760

12,140

18,210

30,350

5,515

14,375

21,560

35.935

6,875

17.745

26.620

44.365

6.795

17,745

26,620

44,365

f'c = 6,000 (psi)

 ϕV_{cb} or ϕV_{cp}

Shear

(lbs.)

1,735

4,225

6,580

10,970

3,900

7,340

11,700

19,500

5,105

11,275

17,550

29.250

6,440

15,680

25,270

42.120

6,500

19,545

34,400

57,330

8,060

23,620

43,020

71,760

9,375

28,085

50.980

84.965

10,775

32,460

59,120

104.895

10.755

32,520

59,230

104,895

ØN₀ or ØN₃ Tension

(lbs.)

1,615

2,035

3,055

5,095

2,490

3,620

5,430

9,055

3,385

5,430

8,150

13.580

4,260

7,820

11,735

19,555

4,300

10,645

15,970

26,615

5,350

13,325

19,990

33,315

6,190

15,780

23,670

39,450

7,715

19,480

29.220

48,700

7.630

19,480

29,220

48,700



f'c = 8,000 (psi)

¢V₀ or φVφ Shear

(lbs.)

1,855

4,690

7,030

11,720

4,625

8.335

12,500

20,835

6,055

12,500

18.750

31.250

7,640

18,000

27,000

45.000

7,905

23.175

36,750

61,250

9,855

28,005

46.000

76,670

11,465

33,300

54,465

90,780

13,175

38,490

67.245

112.070

13,155

38,555

67,245

112,070

∲N₀ or ØN₃ Tension

(lbs.)

1,725

2,175

3,265

5,440

2,660

3,870

5.805

9,675

3,600

5,805

8.705

14,510

4,525

8,355

12,535

20,895 4,655

11,375

17,065

28,440

5,810

14,240

21,360

35,595

6,720

16,860

25,290

42,145

8,380

20,815

31.220

52.035

8.280

20,815

31,220

52,035

ADHESIVES

Epuxy injection Adhesive Anchoring Systen JRE110+TM

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		Fnovi/Injection Adhacii

TECH MANUAL – ADHESIVES © 2015 POWERS VOLUME 1 – REV. G

L	
	1. Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in cracked normal-weight concrete with minimum slab thickness, $h_a = h_{min}$, and with the following conditions:
	- c _{a1} is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance, c _{ac} - c _{a2} is greater than or equal to 1.5 times c _{a1} .
	2. Calculations were performed according to ACI 318-11 Appendix D and ICC-ES AC308. The load level corresponding to the failure mode listed [Concrete breakout strength, bond strength/ pryout strength] must be checked against the tabulated steel strength of the corresponding threaded rod or rebar size and type, the lowest load level controls.
I	3. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for concrete breakout strength are based on ACI 318 Section 9.2 for load combinations. Condition B was assumed.

3. Strength reduction factors (ϕ) for concrete breakout strength are based on ACI 318 Section 9.2 for load combination 4. Strength reduction factors (\$\phi\$) for bond strength are determined from reliability testing and gualification in accordance with ICC-ES AC308 and are tabulated in this product information and in FSR-3298

5. Tabular values are permitted for static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables. Periodic special inspection must be performed where required by code, see ESR-3298 for applicable information.

6. For anchors subjected to tension resulting from sustained loading a supplemental check must be performed according to ACI 318-11 D.4.1.2.

7. For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix D.

Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths, please see ACI 318-11 Appendix D, ICC-ES AC308 and information included in this product supplement. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318-11 Appendix D and ICC-ES AC308 and ESR-3298

9. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time. Short-term elevated temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling

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Tension Design of Steel Elements (Steel Strength)^{1,2}

Nominal Rod/Rebar Size (in. or No.) Ast M ASTM F1554 Grade 36 Ast M F1554 Grade 55 B7 and ASTM F1554 Grade 55 ASTM F1554 Grade 55 B7 and ASTM F1554 Grade 55 ASTM A449 Class 5.8 and ISO 898-1 Stainless (Types 304 and 316) B8/B8/N, Class 1.8 B8/B8/N, Class 2.8 B8/B8/N, Class 2.8 B8/B8/N, Class 2.8 B8/B8/N, Class 2.8 A615 Grade 75 A615 Grade 60 A706 Grade 60 A706 Grade 60 A605 Rebar ØNsa Tension (lbs.) ØNs		Steel Elements - Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar											
Tension (lbs.) Tension	Rod/Rebar Size	A36 and ASTM F1554	F1554	A193 Grade B7 and ASTM F1554 Grade		F568M Class 5.8 and ISO 898-1	F593 CW Stainless (Types 304 and	A193 Grade B8/B8M, Class 1 Stainless (Types 304 and	A193 Grade B8/B8M2, Class 2B Stainless (Types 304 and	A615 Grade 75	A615 Grade 60	A706 Grade 60	ASTM A615 Grade 40 Rebar
1/2 or #4 6,175 7,980 13,300 12,770 6,690 9,225 6,070 10,110 13,000 13,500 12,000 9,0 5/8 or #5 9,835 12,715 21,190 20,340 10,650 14,690 9,660 16,105 20,150 20,925 18,600 13,5 3/4 or #6 14,550 18,815 31,360 30,105 15,765 18,480 14,300 23,830 28,600 29,700 26,400 19,8		Tension	Tension	Tension	Tension	Tension	Tension	Tension	Tension	Tension	Tension	Tension	ØN₃ Tension (lbs.)
5/8 or #5 9,835 12,715 21,190 20,340 10,650 14,690 9,660 16,105 20,150 20,925 18,600 13,5 3/4 or #6 14,550 18,815 31,360 30,105 15,765 18,480 14,300 23,830 28,600 29,700 26,400 19,8	3/8 or #3	3,370	4,360	7,265	6,975	3,655	5,040	3,315	5,525	7,150	7,425	6,600	4,950
3/4 or #6 14,550 18,815 31,360 30,105 15,765 18,480 14,300 23,830 28,600 29,700 26,400 19,8	1/2 or #4	6,175	7,980	13,300	12,770	6,690	9,225	6,070	10,110	13,000	13,500	12,000	9,000
	5/8 or #5	9,835	12,715	21,190	20,340	10,650	14,690	9,660	16,105	20,150	20,925	18,600	13,950
	3/4 or #6	14,550	18,815	31,360	30,105	15,765	18,480	14,300	23,830	28,600	29,700	26,400	19,800
<u>//8 01 #/ 20,085 25,970 43,285 41,930 21,760</u> 25,510 19,735 32,895 39,000 40,500 36,000	7/8 or #7	20,085	25,970	43,285	41,930	21,760	25,510	19,735	32,895	39,000	40,500	36,000	
1 or #8 26,350 34,070 56,785 54,515 28,545 33,465 25,895 43,160 51,350 53,325 47,400 -	1 or #8	26,350	34,070	56,785	54,515	28,545	33,465	25,895	43,160	51,350	53,325	47,400	
#9 65,000 67,500 60,000 -										65,000	67,500	60,000	
1-1/4 or #10 42,160 54,510 9,100 76,315 - 53,540 41,430 69,050 82,550 85,725 76,200 -	#9						E2 E 40	44.420	CO 050	02 550	05 705	76.000	

1. Steel tensile design strength according to ACI 318 Appendix D, $\phi_{N_{sa}} = \phi \bullet_{A_{se,N}} \bullet_{futa}$

2. The tabulated steel design strength in tension must be checked against the bond strength/concrete capacity design strength to determine the controlling failure mode,

the lowest load level controls.

Shear Design of Steel Elements (Steel Strength)^{1,2}

	Steel Elements - Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar											
Nominal Rod/Rebar Size (in. or No.)	ASTM A36 and ASTM F1554 Grade 36	ASTM F1554 Grade 55	ASTM A193 Grade B7 and ASTM F1554 Grade 105	ASTM A449	ASTM F568M Class 5.8 and ISO 898-1 Class 5.8	ASTM F593 CW Stainless (Types 304 and 316)	ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M, Class 1 Stainless (Types 304 and 316)	ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M2, Class 2B Stainless (Types 304 and 316)	ASTM A615 Grade 75 Rebar	ASTM A615 Grade 60 Rebar	ASTM A706 Grade 60 Rebar	ASTM A615 Grade 40 Rebar
	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (Ibs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (Ibs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (Ibs.)
3/8 or #3	1,755	2,265	3,775	3,625	2,025	2,790	1,725	2,870	3,960	3,860	3,430	2,575
1/2 or #4	3,210	4,150	6,915	6,640	3,705	5,110	3,155	5,255	7,200	7,020	6,240	4,680
5/8 or #5	5,115	6,610	11,020	10,575	5,900	8,135	5,025	8,375	11,160	10,880	9,670	7,255
3/4 or #6	7,565	9,785	16,305	15,655	8,730	10,235	7,435	12,390	15,840	15,445	13,730	10,295
7/8 or #7	10,445	13,505	22,505	21,805	12,050	14,130	10,265	17,105	21,600	21,060	18,720	-
1 or #8	13,700	17,715	29,525	28,345	15,810	18,535	13,465	22,445	28,440	27,730	24,650	-
#9									36,000	35,100	31,200	-
1-1/4 or #10	21,920	28,345	4,735	39,685	-	29,655	21,545	35,905	45,720	44,575	39,625	-

- Steel Strength

1. Steel shear design strength according to ACI 318 Appendix D, $\phi V_{sa} = \phi \bullet 0.60 \bullet A_{se,V} \bullet f_{uta}$

2. The tabulated steel design strength in shear must be checked against the bond strength/concrete capacity design strength to determine the controlling failure mode, the lowest load level controls.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (SOLID BASE MATERIALS)

PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS

Dry Concrete: cured concrete that, at the time of adhesive anchor installation, has not been exposed to water for the preceding 14 days. **Water-Saturated Concrete (wet):** cured concrete that, at the time of adhesive anchor installation, has been exposed to water over a sufficient length of time to have the maximum possible amount of absorbed water into the concrete pore structure to a depth equal to the anchor embedment depth.

Water-Filled Holes (flooded): cured concrete that is water-saturated and where the drilled hole contains standing water at the time of anchor installation.

Underwater Concrete (submerged): cured concrete that is water-saturated and covered with water at the time of anchor installation.

DRILLING

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V . A . V . A	

- Drill a hole into the base material with a rotary hammer drill tool to the size and embedment required by the selected steel anchor element (reference installation specifications for threaded rod and reinforcing bar). The tolerances of the carbide drill bit must meet ANSI Standard B212.15.
- Precaution: Use suitable eye and skin protection. Avoid inhalation of dust during drilling and/or removal.
- Note! In case of standing water in the drilled hole (flooded hole condition), all the water has to be removed from the hole (e.g. vacuum, compressed air, etc.) prior to cleaning. For underwater (submerged) installations please see separated specific instructions below.

HOLE CLEANING DRY OR WET/WATER-SATURATED HOLES (BLOW 2X, BRUSH 2X, BLOW 2X)

1
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2Y

- 2a- Starting from the bottom or back of the drilled anchor hole, blow the hole clean (free of noticeable dust) a minimum of two times (2x).
- Use a compressed air nozzle (min. 90 psi) for all sizes of anchor rod and reinforcing bar (rebar).



- **2b** Determine wire brush diameter (reference hole cleaning equipment selection table) for the drilled hole and attach the brush with adaptor to a rotary drill tool or battery screw gun. Brush the hole with the selected wire brush a minimum of two times (2x).
- A brush extension (supplied by Powers Fasteners) must be used for holes drilled deeper than the listed brush length. The wire brush diameter must be checked periodically during use. The brush should resist insertion into the drilled hole, if not the brush is too small and must be replaced with the proper brush diameter. (new brush)



- 2c- Repeat Step 2a- again by blowing the hole clean a minimum of two times (2x).
- When finished the hole should be clean and free of dust, debris, ice, grease, oil or other foreign material.

NEXT GO TO STEP 3.

HOLE CLEANING UNDERWATER INSTALLATION (FLUSH, BRUSH 2X, FLUSH)

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2a- Starting from the bottom or back of the drilled anchor hole, rinse/flush the hole clean with air/water (air/water line pressure) until clear water comes out.

2X

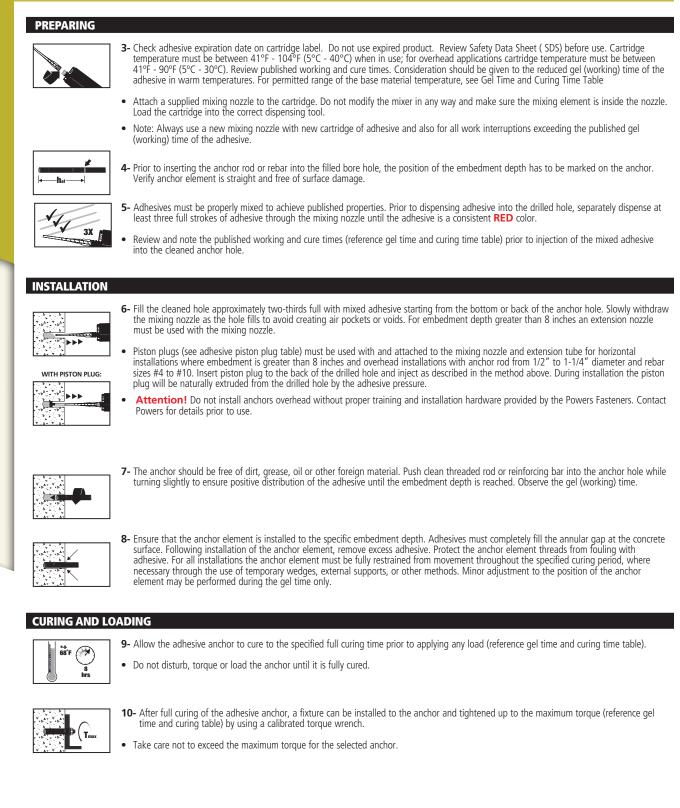
- **2b-** Determine brush diameter (reference hole cleaning equipment selection table) for the drilled hole and attach the brush with adaptor to a rotary drill tool. Brush the hole with the selected wire brush a minimum of two times (2x).
- A brush extension (supplied by Powers Fasteners) must be used for holes drilled deeper than the listed brush length. The wire brush diameter
 must be checked periodically during use; The brush should resist insertion into the drilled hole, if not the brush is too small and must be
 replaced with the proper brush diameter (new brush).

· •b ⁴ · •b ⁴	
(<u>===</u> ▼.,b ^A ., ▼.,b ^A .	

- 2c- Repeat Step 2a- again by rinse/flushing the hole clean with air/water.
- When finished the hole should be clean and free of dust, debris, ice, grease, oil or other foreign material.

NEXT GO TO STEP 3.







INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (HOLLOW BASE MATERIAL)

DRILLING

TOTOL

1- Drill a hole into the base material with a rotary drill tool to the size and embedment for the required screen size (see installation specifications for threaded rod in hollow concrete base material with screen tube supplied by Powers Fasteners). The tolerances of the drill bit used should meet the requirements of ANSI B212.15.

• Precaution: Wear suitable eye and skin protection. Avoid inhalation of dust during drilling and/or removal.

HOLE CLEANING (BLOW 2X, BRUSH 2X, BLOW 2X)



2- Starting from the bottom or back of the anchor hole, blow the hole clean with a hand pump (min. volume 25 fl.oz. supplied by Powers Fasteners) or compressed air nozzle a minimum of two times (2x).

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- Determine the wire brush diameter (see hole cleaning equipment selection table) and attach the brush with adaptor to a rotary drill tool or battery screw gun. Brush the hole with the selected wire brush a minimum of two times (2x). A brush extension (supplied by Powers Fasteners, Cat #08282) should be used for holes drilled deeper than the listed brush length.
- 2X
- The wire brush should be checked periodically during use. The brush must be replaced if it becomes worn (less than D_{min}, see hole cleaning equipment selection table) or does not come in contact with sides of the drill hole.
- Finally, blow the hole clean again a minimum of two times (2x)
- When finished the hole should be clean and free of dust, debris, ice, grease, oil or other foreign material.
 2x



- 3- Check adhesive expiration date on cartridge label. Do not use expired product. Review Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use. Cartridge temperature must be between 41°F 104°F (5°C 40°C) when in use. Review gel (working) time and curing time table. Consideration should be given to the reduced gel (working) time of the adhesive in warm temperatures.
- Attach a supplied mixing nozzle to the cartridge. Do not modify the mixer in any way and make sure the mixing element is inside the nozzle. Load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool.
- Note: Always use a new mixing nozzle with new cartridges of adhesive and also for all work interruptions exceeding the published working time of the adhesive.



4- Prior to inserting the anchor rod into the filled screen tube, the position of the embedment depth has to be marked on the anchor. Verify anchor element is straight and free of surface damage.



- 5- Adhesive must be properly mixed to achieve published properties. Prior to dispensing adhesive into the drilled hole, separately dispense at least three full strokes of adhesive through the mixing nozzle until the adhesive is a consistent RED color. Do not attach a used nozzle when changing to a new cartridge.
- Review and note the published working and cure times (see gel time and curing time table) prior to injection of the mixed adhesive into the screen tube.

INSTALLATION



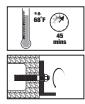
6- Insert a screen tube (supplied by Powers Fasteners) of suitable length into the cleaned anchor hole.

7- Fill the screen tube full with adhesive starting from the bottom or back of the tube. Slowly withdraw the mixing nozzle as the screen fills to avoid creating air pockets or voids. A plastic extension tube supplied by Powers Fasteners must be used with the mixing nozzle if the back of the screen tube cannot be reached.



- 8- Prior to inserting the anchor rod into the screen tube inspect it to ensure that it is free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.
- Push the threaded rod into the screen tube while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until back of the tube is reached.

CURING AND FIXTURE



- **9-** Allow the adhesive anchor to cure to the specified full curing time prior to applying any load.
- Do not disturb, torque or load the anchor until it is fully cured (see gel time and curing time table).
- **10-** After full curing of the adhesive anchor, a fixture can be installed to the anchor and tightened up to the maximum torque (see installation specifications for threaded rod and reinforcing bar in hollow base material) by using a calibrated torque wrench.
- Take care not to exceed the maximum torque for the selected anchor.

ADHESIVES

REFERENCE INSTALLATION TABLES

Gel (working) Time and Curing Table

Temperature of base material °F °C		Gel (working) time	Full curing time
		Ger (working) time	run curing unie
41	5	120 minutes	48 hours
50	10	90 minutes	24 hours
68	20	25 minutes	8 hours
86	30	20 minutes	8 hours
95	35	15 minutes	6 hours
104	40	12 minutes	4 hours

Linear interpolation for intermediate base material temperature is possible.

For installations in base material temperatures between 41°F and 50°F (5°C and 10°C) the cartridge temperature must be conditioned to 68°F (20°C).

Hole Cleaning Equipment Selection Table for Pure110+

Rod Diameter (inch)	Rebar Size (No.)	ANSI Drill Bit Diameter' (inch)	Min. Brush Diameter, D _{min} (inches)	Brush Length, L (inches)	Steel Wire Brush ^{2,3} (Cat. #)	Blowout Tool	Number of cleaning actions		
Solid Base Material									
3/8	#3	7/16	0.475	6-3/4	08284				
1/2	#4	9/16	0.600	6-3/4	08285				
-	#4	5/8	0.670	6-3/4	08275				
5/8	μ <u>Γ</u>	11/16	0.735	7-7/8	08286				
5/8	#5	3/4	0.790	7-7/8	08278	Compressed air nozzle only, Cat #8292 (min. 90 psi)	2x blowing		
3/4	#6	7/8	0.920	7-7/8	08287		2x brushing 2x blowing		
7/8	#7	1	1.045	11-7/8	08288		-		
1	#8	1-1/8	1.175	11-7/8	08289				
1-1/4	#9	1-3/8	1.425	11-7/8	08290				
-	#10	1-1/2	1.550	11-7/8	08291				
		Hol	low Base Material (v	vith plastic screen tu	ıbe)				
3/8	-	9/16	0.735	6-3/4	08285				
1/2	-	3/4	0.780	7-7/8	08278	Compressed air nozzle only,	2x blowing		
5/8	-	7/8	0.920	7-7/8	08287	Cat #8292 (min. 90 psi)	2x brushing 2x blowing		
3/4	-	1	1.045	11-7/8	08288	(mm. 90 psi)	-		

3. For installations with 5/8-inch threaded rod and #5 rebar size, the preferred ANSI drill bit diameter is 3/4-inch. If an 11/16-inch ANSI drill bit is used the user must check before injecting the adhesive to verify that the steel anchor element can be inserted into the cleaned borehole without resistance.

4. An SDS-plus adaptor (Cat. #08283) or Jacobs chuck style adaptor (Cat. #08296) is required to attach a steel wire brush to the drill tool.

5. A brush extension (Cat. #08282) must be used with a steel wire brush for holes drilled deeper than the listed brush length.

Adhesive Piston Plugs^{1,2,3,4}

Rod Diameter (inch)	Rebar Size (No.)	ANSI Drill Bit Diameter (inch)	Plug Size (inch)	Plastic Plug (Cat. #)	Piston Plug
		Solid Base	Materials		
1/2	#4	9/16	9/16	08302	
-	#4	5/8	5/8	08304	
5/8	#F	11/16	11/16	08258	
5/8	#5	3/4	3/4	08259	
3/4	#6	7/8	7/8	08300	Print and
7/8	#7	1	1	08301	
1	#8	1-1/8	1-1/8	08303	
1-1/4	#9	1-3/8	1-3/8	08305	
-	#10	1-1/2	1-1/2	08309	

1. All overhead installations require the use of piston plugs where one is tabulated together with the anchor size.

2. All horizontal installations require the use of piston plugs where one is tabulated together with the anchor size and where the embedment depth is greater than 8 inches.

3. The use of piston plugs is also recommended for underwater installations where one is tabulated together with the anchor size.

4. A flexible plastic extension tube (cat# 08297) or equivalent approved by Powers must be used with piston plugs.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Pure110+ Cartridges

Cat. No.	Cat. No. Description Std. Box Std. Ctn. Pallet								
08310SD Pure110+ 9 fl. oz. Quik-Shot cartridge (1:1 mix ratio) 12 24 432									
08321SD Pure110+ 21 fl. oz. dual cartridge (1:1 mix ratio) 12 - 540									
08313SD Pure110+ 13 fl. oz. dual cartridge (3:1 mix ratio) 12 - 540									
08320SD Pure110+ 20 fl. oz. dual cartridge (3:1 mix ratio) 12 - 540									
One Pure110+ mixing nozzle is packaged with each cartridge.									
Pure110+ mixin	Pure110+ mixing nozzles must be used to ensure complete and proper mixing of the adhesive.								

Cartridge System Mixing Nozzles

	<u> </u>		
Cat. No.	Description	Std. Pkg.	Std. Ctn.
08294	Extra mixing nozzle (with 8" extension) for Pure110+ Quik-Shot	2	24
08281	Mixing nozzle extension, 8" long		24
08297	Mixing nozzle extension, 20" long	1	12
08609	Extra high flow mixing nozzle (with 8" extension) for Pure110+ dual cartridge	2	24

Dispensing Tools for Injection Adhesive

Cat. No.	Description	Std. Box	Std. Ctn.
08437	Manual caulking gun for Quik-Shot	1	12
08479	High performance caulking gun for Quik-Shot	1	12
08409	21 fl. oz. Standard metal manual tool	1	10
08421	21 fl. oz. High performance manual tool		10
08442	21 fl. oz. Battery powered tool (cordless)	1	-
08413	21 fl. oz. Pneumatic tool	1	-
08298	13 fl. oz. + 20 fl. oz. manual tool (3:1 mix ratio) 1		6
08279SD	13 fl. oz + 20 fl. oz. Battery powered tool (3:1 mix ratio) 1		-
08497SD	13 fl. oz. + 20 fl. oz Pneumatic tool (3:1 mix ratio)	1	6







Hole Cleaning Tools and Accessories

Cat No.	Description	Std. Box
08284	Wire brush for 7/16"ANSI hole (3/8" rod or #3 rebar), 6-3/4" length	1
08285	Wire brush for 9/16"ANSI hole (1/2" rod or #4 rebar), 6-3/4" length	1
08275	Wire brush for 5/8" ANSI hole (#4 rebar), 6-3/4" length	1
08286	Wire brush for 11/16"ANSI hole (5/8" rod or #5 rebar), 7-7/8" length	1
08278	Wire brush for 3/4"ANSI hole (5/8" rod or #5 rebar), 7-7/8" length	1
08287	Wire brush for 7/8"ANSI hole (3/4" rod or #6 rebar), 7-7/8" length	1
08288	Wire brush for 1"ANSI hole (7/8" rod or #7 rebar), 11-7/8" length	1
08289	Wire brush for 1-1/8"ANSI hole (1" rod or #8 rebar), 11-7/8" length	1
08290	Wire brush for 1-3/8"ANSI hole (1-1/4" rod or #9 rebar), 11-7/8" length	1
08291	Wire brush for 1-1/2"ANSI hole (#10 rebar), 11-7/8" length	1
08283	SDS-plus adapter for steel brushes	1
08296	Standard drill adapter for steel brushes (e.g. Jacobs Chuck)	1
08282	Steel brush extension, 12" length	1
08292	Air compressor nozzle with extension, 18" length	1
08465	Adjustable torque wrench with 1/2" square drive (10 to 150 ftlbs.)	1
08466	Adjustable torque wrench with 1/2" square drive (25 to 250 ftlbs.)	1

Adhesive Piston Plugs

Cat. #	Description	ANSI Drill Bit Dia.	Threaded Rod Dia.	Reinforcing Bar Size	Std. Bag"
08302	9/16" Plug	9/16"	1/2"	#4	10
08304	5/8" Plug	5/8"	-	#4	10
08258	11/16" Plug	11/16"	5/8"	#5	10
08259	3/4" Plug	3/4"	5/8"	#5	10
08300	7/8" Plug	7/8"	3/4"	#6	10
08301	1" Plug	1"	7/8"	#7	10
08303	1-1/8" Plug	1-1/8"	1"	#8	10
08305	1-3/8" Plug	1-3/8"	1-1/4"	#9	10
08309	1-1/2" Plug	1-1/2"	-	#10	10

Plastic Screen Tubes

Cat.No.	Description	ANSI Drill Diameter	Standard Carton
08310	3/8" x 3-1/2" Plastic Screen	9/16″	25
08311	3/8" x 6" Plastic Screen	9/16″	25
08313	3/8" x 8" Plastic Screen	9/16″	25
08315	1/2" x 3-1/2 Plastic Screen	3/4″	25
08317	1/2" x 6" Plastic Screen	3/4″	25
08321	5/8" x 6" Plastic Screen	7/8″	25
08323	3/4" x 6" Plastic Screen	1″	10
For availability of stainless steel screen tubes, Contact Powers Fasteners			

ADHESIVES